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Pennsylvania Society
Sons of the Revolution
Proceedings
1919-1920

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ANNUAL PROCEEDINGS

Pennsylvania Society
of
Sons of the Revolution

1919-1920



PHILADELPHIA
1920

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1920

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The Society

COMPILED BY THE SECRETARY
AND
PUBLISHED BY THE SOCIETY
1920

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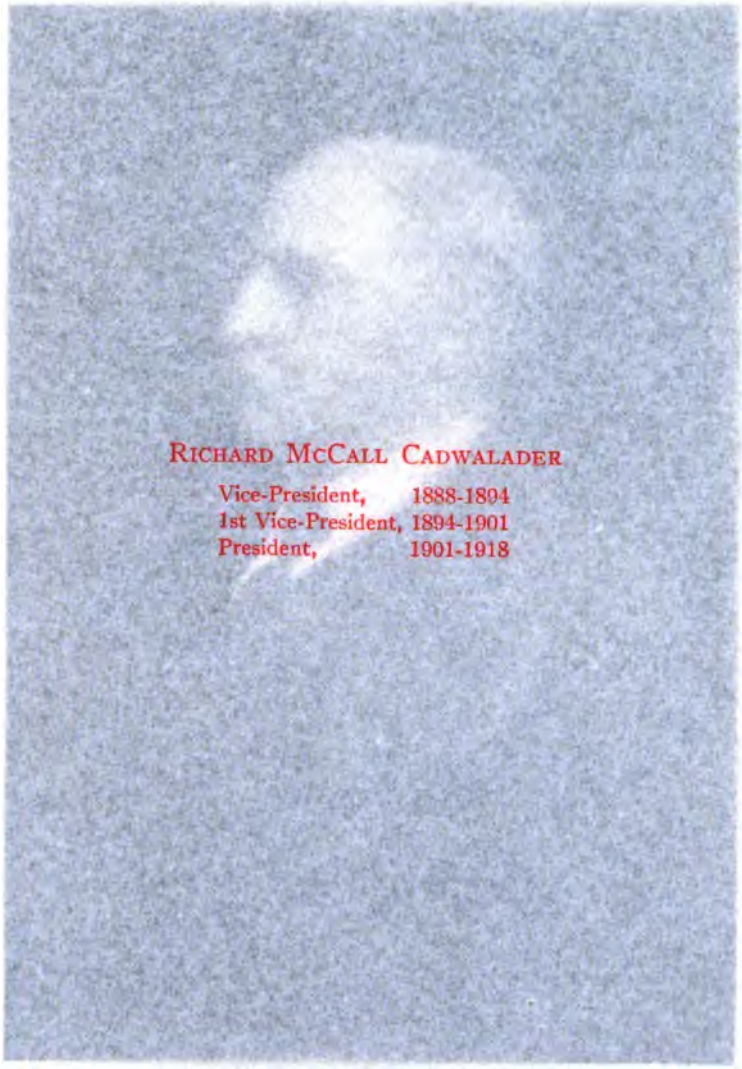
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RICHARD MCCALL CADWALADER

Vice-President, 1888-1894
1st Vice-President, 1894-1901
President, 1901-1918

Reclaimed by Chris Chan



Object of the Society

IT being evident, from the steady decline of a proper celebration of the National Holidays of the United States of America, that popular concern in the events and men of the War of the Revolution is gradually declining, and that such lack of interest is attributable, not so much to the lapse of time and the rapidly increasing flood of immigration from foreign countries as to the neglect, on the part of descendants of Revolutionary heroes, to perform their duty in keeping before the public mind the memory of the services of their ancestors and of the times in which they lived; therefore, the Society of the Sons of the Revolution has been instituted to perpetuate the memory of the men, who, in the military, naval and civil service of the Colonies and of the Continental Congress, by their acts or counsel, achieved the Independence of the country, and to further the proper celebration of the anniversaries of the birthday of Washington, and of prominent events connected with the War of the Revolution; to collect and secure for preservation the rolls, records and other documents relating to that period; to inspire the members of the Society with the patriotic spirit of their forefathers, and to promote the feeling of friendship among them.

General Society

(Organized at Washington, D. C., April 19, 1890)

Officers

1915-1918-(1920)

General President
JAMES MORTIMER MONTGOMERY
108 Water Street, New York City, N. Y.

General Vice-President
CHARLES CUSTIS HARRISON, LL.D.
Philadelphia, Pa.

General Second Vice-President
CHARLES IRVING THAYER
Boston, Mass.

General Secretary
PROF. WILLIAM LIBBEY
Princeton, N. J.

Assistant General Secretary
W. HALL HARRIS, JR.
255 Title Building, Baltimore, Md.

General Treasurer
RALPH ISHAM
1411 Ritchie Place, Chicago, Ill.

Assistant General Treasurer
GEN. GEORGE RICHARDS, U. S. M. C.
1734 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C.

General Registrar
HON GEORGE E. POMEROY
510 Madison Avenue, Toledo, Ohio

General Historians
ORRA EUGENE MONNETTE
HOLDRIDGE OZRO COLLINS
619 Citizens National Bank Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.

General Chaplain
RT. REV. DANIEL SYLVESTER TUTTLE, D.D., LL.D., D.C.L.
St. Louis, Mo.

Pennsylvania Society

Instituted April 8, 1888

Incorporated September 29, 1890

Founders

Oliver Christian Bosbyshell
George Horace Burgin
Herman Burgin
*Richard McCall Cadwalader
*James Edward Carpenter
*Robert Porter Derbert
William Churchill Houston, Jr.
John Woolf Jordan
Josiah Granville Leach
*Elon Dunbar Lockwood
Charles Marshall
*Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker
*John Biddle Porter
*William Brooke-Rawle
*William Wayne

---

* Deceased

Officers and Board of Managers
1919-1920

Officers

President

COLONEL JOSIAH GRANVILLE LEACH

Vice-Presidents

HON. CHARLEMAGNE TOWER, LL.D.
RT. REV. JAMES HENRY DARLINGTON, D.D., LL.D.
CHARLES CUSTIS HARRISON, LL.D.
HON. NORRIS STANLEY BARRATT, LL.D.
COLONEL ASHER MINER, U. S. A.

Secretary

MAJOR GOUVERNEUR CADWALADER
224 S. 15th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Treasurer

FRANK BATTLES
Independence Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

Registrar

JOHN WOOLF JORDAN, LL.D.

Historian

EDWARD STALKER SAYRES

Chaplain

REV. GEORGE WOOLSEY HODGE, S.T.D.

Managers

HON. NORRIS STANLEY BARRATT, LL.D., *Chairman*
STANLEY GRISWOLD FLAGG, JR.
JOHN ARMSTRONG HERMAN
HON. JOHN MORIN SCOTT
JOSEPH FORNANCE
MAJOR WILLIAM INNES FORBES, U. S. A.
WILLIAM CURRIE WILSON
HENRY HESTON BELKNAP
GENERAL HARRY C. TREXLER
LT. COL. CLARENCE PAYNE FRANKLIN, M.D.

DELEGATES AND ALTERNATE DELEGATES

TO THE

General Society
1919-1920

Delegates

COMMANDER CLEMENT BIDDLE, M.D., U. S. N.
CAPTAIN THOMAS CADWALADER
COLONEL EDWARD CARPENTER
MAJOR JOSEPH KNOX FORNANCE
GEORGE CUTHBERT GILLESPIE
HARROLD EDGAR GILLINGHAM
MAJOR HENRY REED HATFIELD
WILLIAM MACPHERSON HORNOR
MAJOR THOMAS WALLIS HUIDEKOPER
FRANK WILLING LEACH
COLONEL HOWARD CAMPBELL PRICE
MAJOR JOSEPH ALLISON STEINMETZ
CAPTAIN OGDEN DUNGAN WILKINSON

Alternates

THOMAS HAND BALL
LIEUT. NORRIS STANLEY BARRATT, JR.
POWELL EVANS
CAPTAIN HARRY WALN HARRISON
MAJOR SIDNEY HERENESS
MAJOR EDWARD HOOPES
MAJOR JOHN MARSTON, 3d
MAJOR JOHN BURTON MUSTIN
CAPTAIN OLIVER RANDOLPH PARRY
MAJOR LOUIS BARCROFT RUNK
CAPTAIN RICHARD VAUX
LIEUT. RICHARD FAIRFIELD WARREN
CAPTAIN CLEMENT BIDDLE WOOD

Standing Committees

Ex-Officio Members of all Committees

COL. JOSIAH GRANVILLE LEACH, *President of the Society*
HON. NORRIS STANLEY BARRATT, LL.D., *Chairman Board of Managers*

On Applications for Membership

JOSIAH GRANVILLE LEACH, *Chairman*
JOHN WOOLF JORDAN, LL.D.
EDWARD STALKER SAYRES

On Equestrian Statue to Major-General Anthony Wayne

EDWARD TOWNSEND STOTESBURY, *Chairman*
SAMUEL TAYLOR BODINE
CHARLES LOUIS BORIE, JR.
HON. JOHN CADWALADER
CAPTAIN ROBERT KELSO CASSATT
HON. HAMPTON LAWRENCE CARSON, LL.D.
CHARLES CUSTIS HARRISON, LL.D.
BAYARD HENRY
SAMUEL FREDERIC HOUSTON
ALBA BOARDMAN JOHNSON, LL.D.
HON. JONATHAN WILLIS MARTIN
JOHN HAZLEHURST MASON
EFFINGHAM BUCKLEY MORRIS
RANDALL MORGAN
SAMUEL DAVIS PAGE
GUILLERMO COLESBURY PURVES
ROBERT FOSTER WHITMER
HORACE WELLS SELLERS, *Secretary of Committee*

On Landmarks of the Revolution, Monuments and Memorials

HON. JOHN MORIN SCOTT, *Chairman*
COMMANDER CLEMENT BIDDLE, M.D.
PHILIP HOWARD BRICE
JOHN WILLIAM BROCK
THEODORE MINIS ETTING
WILLIAM COPELAND FURBER
CAPTAIN WILLIAM GOODRICH
SYDNEY PEMBERTON HUTCHINSON
JACOB ESHER HEYL

On Landmarks of the Revolution, Monuments and Memorials—Continued

EDWARD HINE JOHNSON
JOSEPH WHARTON LIPPINCOTT
HON. FRANK MILLER RITER
FREDERIC SCHOFF
WALTER GEORGE SMITH
EDWIN JAQUETTE SELLERS
MAJOR EDWARD WIENER

On Annual Church Service

STANLEY GRISWOLD FLAGG, JR., *Chairman*
THE REV. GEORGE WOOLSEY HODGE, S.T.D., *Chaplain*
THOMAS WILLING BALCH
CHARLES HOWARD COLKET
WILLIAM MACPHERSON HORNOR
REV. HARRY ST. CLAIR HATHAWAY
J. GRANVILLE LEACH, JR.
RICHARD PETERS
CLEMENT BIDDLE WOOD
JOHN SPARHAWK WURTS
JAMES THORINGTON, M.D.

On Celebration of Evacuation Day

WILLIAM CURRIE WILSON, *Chairman*
JOHN MORGAN ASH, JR.
OLIVER HOPKINSON BAIRD
CHARLES WILLIAM BOGER
RICHARD MCCALL CADWALADER, JR.
THEOPHILUS PARSONS CHANDLER
JOHN BROWNING CLEMENT
JOHN WELSH CROSKEY, M.D.
GEORGE KNOWLES CROZER, JR.
WILLIAM FOSTER FOTTERALL
SAMUEL SEBRING HARTRANFT
PAUL AUGUSTINE HENDRY
ALBERT KELSEY
HENRY WARREN LITTLEFIELD
REV. MICHAEL REED MINNICH
GEORGE STEPTOE WASHINGTON

Color Guard

ORGANIZED OCTOBER 7, 1897

LT. COL. CLARENCE PAYNE FRANKLIN, M.D., *Captain*
FRANK EARLE SCHERMERHORN, *Lieutenant*
JOSEPH ALLISON STEINMETZ, *Secretary and Treasurer*
BENJAMIN ADAMS
THOMAS HAND BALL
PAUL HENRY BARNES, JR.
LAWRENCE VISSCHER BOYD
JAMES DEWAELE COOKMAN
FRANK G. COOPER, D.D.S.
SAMUEL BABCOCK CROWELL
GEORGE ALEXANDER DAVISON
THOMAS MONROE DOBBINS
WILLIAM COPELAND FURBER
WILLIAM PARTRIDGE GILPIN
MEREDITH HANNA
ALBERT HILL
JENNINGS HOOD
EDWARD HOOPES
WALTER WARING HOPKINSON
HENRY DOUGLAS HUGHES
WALTER H. JOHNSON
CARL MAGEE KNEASS
WILLIAM LEVERETT
BENJAMIN SCHREIBER MECHLING
JACOB GILES MORRIS
JOHN BURTON MUSTIN
OLIVER RANDOLPH PARRY
RALPH CURRIER PUTNAM
LEAROYD SILVESTER
JOHN WILLIAMS

NON-ACTIVE

JOHN MORGAN ASH, JR.
STANLEY GRISWOLD FLAGG, JR.
CLINTON FRANKLIN, D.D.S.
HARROLD EDGAR GILLINGHAM

Officers and Managers

OF THE

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY FROM ITS ORGANIZATION

April 3, 1888

Chairman of the Board of Managers

Elected		Retired
1888	*James Edward Carpenter	1901
1901	*Charles Henry Jones	1911
1912	Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.	——

Officers

Presidents

1888	*William Wayne	1901
1901	*Richard McCall Cadwalader	1918
1919	Col. Josiah Granville Leach	——

Vice-Presidents

1888	*Richard McCall Cadwalader	1894
1907	*Hon. James Addams Beaver, LL.D.	1914
1907	Major-General John Rutter Brooke, U. S. A.	1912
1907	William Maclay Hall, Jr.	1909
1907	Rev. Rogers Israel, D.D.	1910
1907	*Hon. Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker, LL.D.	1916
1909	*Hon. John Bayard McPherson, LL.D.	1912
1912	Colonel Josiah Granville Leach	1919
1912	Hon. Charlemagne Tower, LL.D.	——
1912	*Brigadier-General Louis Henry Carpenter, U. S. A. (Retired)	1916
1914	Right Reverend James Henry Darlington, D.D., LL.D.	——
1916	Charles Custis Harrison, LL.D.	——
1916	Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.	——

First Vice-Presidents

1894	*Richard McCall Cadwalader	1901
1901	*James Edward Carpenter	1901
1901	*Hon. Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker, LL.D.	1907

Second Vice-Presidents

1894	*William Henry Egle, M.D.	1901
1901	*James Edward Carpenter	1901
1901	*Hon. Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker. LL.D.	1901
1901	*Alexander Johnston Cassatt	1902
1902	Major-General John Rutter Brooke, U. S. A.	1907

*Deceased

Elected		Retired
	Secretaries	
1888	George Horace Burgin, M.D.	1892
1892	David Lewis	1892
1892	Ethan Allen Weaver	1910
1910	Harrold Edgar Gillingham	1911
1911	George Cuthbert Gillespie	1919
1919	Major Gouverneur Cadwalader	——
	Treasurers	
1888	*Robert Porter Dechert	1892
1892	*Samuel Emlen Meigs	1893
1893	*Charles Henry Jones	1910
1911	Harrold Edgar Gillingham	1919
1919	Frank Battles	——
	Registrars	
1889	John Woolf Jordan, LL.D.	1894
1894	*Captain Henry Hobart Bellas, U. S. A.	1897
1897	*Major Richard Strader Collum, U. S. M. C.	1899
1899	John Woolf Jordan, LL.D.	——
	Historians	
1890	Colonel Josiah Granville Leach	1912
1912	Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.	1916
1916	Edward Stalker Sayres	——
	Chaplains	
1890	The Reverend George Woolsey Hodge, S.T.D.	——
	Managers	
1888	Oliver Christian Bosbyshell	1891
1888	Herman Burgin, M.D.	1891
1888	*James Edward Carpenter	1901
1888	John Woolf Jordan, LL.D.	1889
1888	Josiah Granville Leach	1890
1888	*Elon Dunbar Lockwood	1891
1888	Charles Marshall	1891
1888	*Hon. Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker, LL.D.	1901
1888	*William Brooke-Rawle	1890
1889	*William Henry Egle, M.D.	1894
1890	*Hon. Clifford Stanley Sims, D.C.L.	1891
1890	*Thomas McKean	1892
1891	*Isaac Craig	1892
1891	*Rev. Horace Edwin Hayden	1917
1891	William Macpherson Hornor	1904
1891	*Charles Henry Jones	1893

*Deceased.

Managers—Continued

Elected		Retired
1892	*William Spohn Baker	1897
1892	*George Mecum Conarroe	1896
1892	*James Mifflin	1895
1893	*Thomas Hewson Bradford, M.D.	1912
1894	*Isaac Craig	1899
1896	John Woolf Jordan, LL.D.	1899
1897	Hon. Charlemagne Tower, LL.D.	1897
1897	Francis von Albade Cabeen	1910
1897	*Captain Henry Hobart Bellas, U. S. A.	1906
1899	*Major Richard Strader Collum, U. S. M. C.	1900
1899	*Dallas Cadwallader Irish	1899
1899	Samuel Stanhope Smith Pinkerton	1900
1900	*Hon. John Bayard McPherson, LL.D.	1912
1900	*Park Painter	1901
1901	Hon. William Potter	1910
1901	*William Wayne	1901
1901	*Sidney Byron Liggett	1908
1901	*Richard DeCharms Barclay	1908
1904	Stanley Groswold Flagg, Jr.	——
1906	Edward Stalker Sayres	1916
1908	Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.	1912
1908	*Horace Magee	1912
1909	*James McCormack Lamberton	1915
1910	*John Sergeant Gerhard	1911
1911	Edward Townsend Stotesbury	1916
1911	Hon. John Morin Scott	——
1912	*Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr.	1914
1912	Hon. William Sebring Kirkpatrick, LL.D.	1913
1912	William Innes Forbes	——
1913	Joseph Fornance	——
1914	William Currie Wilson	——
1915	John Armstrong Herman	——
1916	Charles Louis Borie, Jr.	1918
1916	Henry Heston Belknap	——
1918	General Harry C. Trexler	——
1918	Lt. Col. Clarence Payne Franklin, M.D.	——

*Deceased.

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution April 3, 1920

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting

OF THE

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY OF SONS OF THE REVOLUTION

April 3, 1920

The thirty-second annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution was held in the Assembly Room of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, 1300 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa., on Saturday, April 3rd, 1920, at 8:20 P. M.

The meeting was called to order by the President, Colonel J. Granville Leach. Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Reverend G. Woolsey Hodge, S. T. D.

The ceremony of assembling the colors was performed and the color guard dismissed. On motion the reading of the minutes of the last Annual Meeting was dispensed with.

The following report of the Board of Managers was presented:

To the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution:

Gentlemen:

Your Board of Managers respectfully submits its annual report for the year, ending April 3rd, 1920.

During the year the Board held nine stated meetings and one adjourned meeting. At that held April 10th, 1919, Honorable Norris Stanley Barratt was re-elected Chairman of the Board.

The annual outing of the Society, commemorative of the one hundred and forty-first anniversary of the evacuation of Philadelphia by the British, and the simultaneous retirement of the American Army from its memorable intrenchment at Valley Forge, was held on June 21st, 1919. The outing took the form of a river trip on the Delaware, and was largely attended. It was particularly interesting to those participating, in that it gave them the opportunity of viewing the ship-yards on the river, and especially that of Hog Island, the largest ship-yard in the world. The enjoyment of the trip was in part due to the efficient service rendered by the Committee on Evacuation

Day, under the direction of its Chairman, William Currie Wilson, Esquire.

On October 9th, 1919, George Cuthbert Gillespie, Esquire, tendered his resignation as Secretary of the Society. The Board regretfully accepted the same, and adopted a motion expressive of its keen appreciation of the long and valuable service Mr. Gillespie had rendered the Society. He was elected to office in 1911, and from the time of election to the day he resigned office he was ever alert in the effort to advance the interests of the organization.

At the meeting of the Board, October 9th, 1919, Major Gouverneur Cadwalader was elected Secretary to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Gillespie's resignation.

The thirty-first Church Service of the Society, commemorating the beginning of the encampment of the American Army at Valley Forge in 1777, was held at four o'clock in the afternoon of Sunday, December 14th, 1919, in St. Stephen's Church, Philadelphia. The service was under the conduct of our venerable Chaplain, Rev. Dr. Hodge, and the sermon or address was delivered by the Reverend Carl E. Grammar, S.T.D., Rector of St. Stephen's Church. The music was conducted by Mr. Henry Gordon Thunder, organist of the Church, and it was universally conceded that the musical programme of the occasion had not been surpassed in quality and rendering at any former Church Service of the Society. Under the direction of the Committee on Church Service (of which Colonel Clarence Payne Franklin, M.D., acted as Chairman, in place of Mr. Stanley G. Flagg, Jr., Chairman, who was absent in Europe), the interior of the Church was appropriately decorated with the handsome banners and flags of the Society, which are so greatly admired whenever publicly displayed. The attendance was large. Among the invited guests present were representatives of the Army and Navy, and of the various patriotic and hereditary societies. In selecting St. Stephen's Church as the place to hold the Service, the Board was moved to such action in recognition of the facts that it was the home Church of the late Horace Magee, Esquire, for many years the efficient Chairman of the Church Service Committee, and that his brother and sisters in his memory had placed in trust forever a fund, the income of which covers the expenditure incident to the annual Service.

On January 27th, 1920, new headquarters of the Society were opened at 224 S. 15th Street, second floor, where all communications to the Secretary and Treasurer should be forwarded.

Washington's Birthday was appropriately commemorated by a Reception given by the Society, on February 23rd, 1920,

in the Assembly Rooms of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, attended by more than four hundred members and guests. Among the guests were several officers of the Army and Navy, and the various patriotic and hereditary societies of Philadelphia, and other prominent citizens. The company was received by the President, two Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Treasurer, Registrar, and Historian of the Society, and several members of the Board of Managers. A detachment from the Philadelphia Orchestra furnished music for the occasion. It was the universal comment of members present that the event proved to be the most successful "Washington's Birthday Party" the Society had ever given.

Early in the year, Commander Clement Biddle, M.D., U.S.N., Major William Innes Forbes, and Major Joseph Allison Steinmetz, were appointed a Committee to compile a record of the service of those members of the Society who took part in the late World War. The result of the Committee's work was printed in a pamphlet of thirty-two pages, copies of which were mailed to members of the Society, as well as to numerous libraries. The Committee is to be congratulated upon the success attained by its effort; particularly so, in view of the difficulties attending postal communication with all who were in service. It has, however, since come to the notice of your Board that some of those in service are not named in the report of the Committee, and that there are instances of honors bestowed that were not brought to the attention of the Committee until after the compilation had gone to press. If those whose names were omitted, or those included in the publication whose records are incomplete, will promptly furnish the Secretary of the Society with the information necessary to complete the record, such additions will appear in the coming annual Proceedings of the Society.

The following deaths have been reported to the Secretary during the twelve months, and in reading their names it is requested that the members rise out of respect to their memory:

Willet Livingston Boyd	August 10, 1919
Admiral William George Buehler	August 10, 1919
Honorable James Hodge Codding	September 12, 1919
Thomas Edward Clyde	November 20, 1919
Henry Darrach	January 30, 1920
Brig.-Gen. Charles Lukens Davis	November 11, 1919
Pennell Coombe Evans	March 18, 1919
Henry Lawrence Everett	January 16, 1920
Commodore Reah Frazer	December 20, 1919
John Stover Fretz	June 25, 1918
William Houston Greene	August 8, 1918

Richard Ralph Hammond	April 8, 1919
Henry Jessop Hand	January 12, 1920
Theodore Moore Hart	March 26, 1919
Honorable Henry Gurley Hay	August 8, 1919
Robert Chapman Heyl	September 15, 1919
Frank Melchoir Horn	January 11, 1920
Joseph Frederic Houston	September 19, 1919
Nathaniel Seaver Keay	October 29, 1919
Lucius Scott Landreth	November 30, 1919
Alexander Henry Lane	July 16, 1919
Ernest Law	April 24, 1919
Jay Bucknell Lippincott	March 25, 1920
Benjamin Odgen Loxley	July 21, 1919
Andrew Hamilton McClintock	October 7, 1919
Robert Potter Molten	September 14, 1919
John Buck Morgan	June 16, 1919
Herman Freytag Oberteuffer	November 17, 1919
Frank Pearson	February 9, 1920
Dr. George Morris Philips	March 11, 1920
Joseph Abram Reed	December 22, 1919
Dr. William Lincoln Shindel	October 26, 1919
Persifor Frazer Smith	September 15, 1918
George Albert Smyth	August 3, 1919
George Steinman	March 31, 1920
William Henry Sturdevant	October 10, 1919
Honorable Ethelbert Watts	July 13, 1919
James Dale Wilson	November 10, 1919
Lewis Wynne Wister	June 16, 1919
William Newell Yeaton	September 28, 1919
George J. Ziegler, 3d	June 27, 1919

During the past year the Board has approved forty-six (46) proposals for membership.

Forty-three (43) new members were admitted to membership during the year. Their names are as follows:

JAMES A. AULL, JR., June 12, 1919.
Norristown, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Capt. John Quandrill (1734-1789), Second Lieutenant, Fifth Company, Third Battalion, Chester County, Pennsylvania Militia, commissioned May 14, 1777; Lieutenant, Fourth Company, Sixth Battalion, Chester County Militia, May 10, 1780, in command of company; Captain in Fourth Battalion, same county, 1781-1782-1783.

CAPTAIN LLOYD BANKSON, U. S. N., March 11, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Jacob Morgan, Jr. (1742-1802), Major, First Battalion, Philadelphia Associators, Colonel John Dickinson, 1775; Colonel, First Battalion, 1777; Colonel, Third Battalion, Philadelphia Militia, 1777; Member of Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania, 1777-1778; Quartermaster, Berks County Militia, 1778; Deputy Quartermaster-General, Pennsylvania Militia, 1779; Superintendent-Commissioner of Purchases of Pennsylvania, 1780.

NICHOLAS BIDDLE, March 11, 1920.
Jenkintown, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Charles Biddle (1745-1821,) Private, Captain Joseph Cowperthwaite's Company, "Quaker Light Infantry", Philadelphia Militia, January, 1776.

GOUVERNEUR CADWALADER, October 9, 1919.
Fort Washington, Pa.

Great-grandson of Lambert Cadwalader (1743-1823), Delegate to the Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania, January 23, 1775; Signer of Bills of Credit, June 30, 1775; Lieutenant-Colonel, Third Pennsylvania Battalion, January 4, 1776; promoted Colonel, Fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Line, October 25, 1776; taken prisoner at Fort Washington, New York, and paroled; resigned January 22, 1779.

RICHARD MCCALL CADWALADER, JR., April 10, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-grandson of Lambert Cadwalader (1743-1823), Delegate to the Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania, January 23, 1775; Signer of Bills of Credit, June 30, 1775; Lieutenant-Colonel, Third Pennsylvania Battalion, January 4, 1776; promoted Colonel, Fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Line, October 25, 1776; taken prisoner at Fort Washington, New York, and paroled; resigned January 22, 1779.

HERBERT BANCROFT CARPENTER, M.D., June 12, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Moses Partridge (1733-1804), Private in Captain Joseph Fuller's Company, Colonel Wheelock's Regiment, Massachusetts Militia, 1776; on list of Medway soldiers, dated April 13, 1778, who rendered service at various times, subsequent to April 19, 1775.

HOWARD CHILDS CARPENTER, M.D., June 12, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of Moses Partridge (1733-1804), Private in Captain Joseph Fuller's Company, Colonel Wheelock's Regiment, Massachusetts Militia, 1776; on list of Medway soldiers, dated April 13, 1778, who rendered service at various times, subsequent to April 19, 1775.

SYDNEY GRIER GEST, October 9, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Great-great-great-great-grandson of Thomas Cooch, Sr. (1700-1788), Colonel, New Castle County Battalion, Delaware Militia, 1775-1776.

HERBERT HESTON, JR., October 9, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Great-great-great-grandson of Edward Heston (1745-1824), Captain of the Sixth Company, Seventh Battalion, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania Militia, 1777-1778, under Colonel Isaac Warner; was taken prisoner.

JOHN BERNARD HEYL, May 8, 1919.
Wynnewood, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of Philip Heyl (1739-1811), Ensign, Third Battalion, Colonel John Cadwalader, Philadelphia Associators, February 2, 1775; Ensign in General Cadwalader's Brigade, Philadelphia Militia, 1777.

ROBERT CHAPMAN HEYL, May 8, 1919.
Wynnewood, Pa.
Great-grandson of Philip Heyl (1739-1811), Ensign, Third Battalion, Colonel John Cadwalader, Philadelphia Associators, February 2, 1775; Ensign in General Cadwalader's Brigade, Philadelphia Militia, 1777.

ROBERT CHAPMAN HEYL, JR., May 8, 1919.
Wynnewood, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of Philip Heyl (1739-1811), Ensign, Third Battalion, Colonel John Cadwalader, Philadelphia Associators, February 2, 1775; Ensign in General Cadwalader's Brigade, Philadelphia Militia, 1777.

JEROME KNIGHT HOLLOWAY, January 8, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of Christopher Miller, Private in Captain Andrew Snyder's Company, Second Battalion, Chester County, Pennsylvania Militia, commanded by Colonel Thomas Bull, in 1780.

WILLIAM HENRY EGLE HOLMES, November 14, 1919.
Richmond, Va.

Great-great-great-great-grandson of George Gray (1725-1800), Delegate to the Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania, January 23, 1775; Member of the Committee of Safety of Pennsylvania, 1775-1776; Member of the Council of Safety of Pennsylvania, 1776-1777; Member of the Committee to superintend printing Bills of Credit, June 30, 1775; Chairman of the Board of War of Pennsylvania, March 13, 1777; Standard Bearer, First Battalion, Philadelphia Associators, 1776; Delegate to the Military Convention held at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1776, to choose Brigadier-Generals for the Associated Battalions of Pennsylvania.

LLEWELLYN WEST JONES, May 8, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Titus Matlack (1738-1796), Second Lieutenant, Captain Lazarus Pine's Company, Second and Fourth Battalions, Colonel John Bubenheim Bayard, 1777; First Lieutenant, Captain Charles Wilson Peale's Company, Lieutenant-Colonel, William Will's Battalion, May 31, 1777, Philadelphia Militia.

LLEWELLYN WEST JONES, JR., June 12, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of Titus Matlack (1738-1796), Second Lieutenant, Captain Lazarus Pine's Company, Second and Fourth Battalions, Colonel John Bubenheim Bayard, 1777; First Lieutenant, Captain Charles Wilson Peale's Company, Lieutenant Colonel, William Will's Battalion, May 31, 1777, Philadelphia Militia.

WILLIAM S. KAMES, June 12, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of Jacob Morgan (1716-1792), Member of Provincial Conference of Pennsylvania, June 18, 1776; Delegate to the Pennsylvania Constitutional Convention of 1776; Member of the Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania, 1777-1778; Member of the Council of Safety of Pennsylvania, 1777.

EDWARD MEINEL KLEMM KLAPP, January 8, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Hilary Baker (1746-1798), Private in Captain Conrad Rush's Company, Philadelphia Militia in 1779; Clerk of the First Artillery Company of Philadelphia, under Captain Joseph Watkins in 1780.

FREDERICK HENRY KNIGHT, JR., February 12, 1920.
Sunbury, Pa.

Great-grandson of Richard Knight (1767-1849), Drummer boy and Private in Fifth Pennsylvania Battalion, in 1776, under Colonel Robert Magaw; and from 1777 until 1781, probably until the close of the War, Private in Captain Walter Finney's Company, Sixth Pennsylvania Line.

JAMES HUMPHRIES KROM, January 8, 1920.
Jersey Shore, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Dirck Westbrook (1755-1785), Ensign, Captain Petrus Schoommaker's Company, Third Regiment, Ulster County, New York Militia, under Colonel Levi Pawling in 1778; Lieutenant in same Regiment, 1779; Captain in Colonel Albert Pawling's Regiment, New York Levies.

COATES ENGLAND LANDELL, November 14, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-great-great-grandson of Joseph Lindsley (1735-1822), Second Major, Eastern Battalion, Morris County, New Jersey Militia, commissioned March 27, 1778.

GEORGE FRANCIS LE VAN, M. D., February 12, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Sebastian Levan (1730-1794), Member of the Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania, January 23, 1775; Lieutenant-Colonel in command of Seventh Battalion, Berks County, Pennsylvania Militia, 1775-1776; Member of Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania, 1781-82-83-84, in which body he was active in support of war measures.

FREDERICK BRYTON LITTLE, M. D., U. S. A., December 11, 1919.
Norristown, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of Isaac Gilmore (1748-1822), Private in Captain Hugh Pedan's Company, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Militia, as per roll of October 1, 1778.

ALVIN PARKER MCCARTER, March 11, 1920.
Strafford, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Jonathan Holley (1721-1781), Private in Captain David Rossiter's Company, Richmond, Massachusetts Minute Men, Colonel John Patterson's Regiment, on Alarm of April 19, 1775; also in Captain Amos Rathburn's Company, Major Caleb Hyde's detachment of Militia, July 8 to July 20, 1777, with Northern Army; also in Captain John Bacon's Company, Colonel David Rossiter's Regiment, on Alarm of November 9, 1780.

DANIEL YEAKLE MILLER, June 12, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Captain John Arndt (1748-1814), Delegate to the Military Convention held at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1776, to choose Brigadier-Generals for the Associated Battalions of Pennsylvania; Captain, First Company, First Northampton County, Pennsylvania Battalion, Colonel Peter Kachlein, forming part of the "Flying Camp", Colonel Joseph Hart, July 9, 1776; wounded at Long Island; Agent to receive subscriptions for the Continental Loan, December 16, 1777; Commissary of Purchases, Pennsylvania Militia, February 19, 1778; Commissioner of Exchange April 5, 1779; member of the Council of Censors of Pennsylvania, October 20, 1783.

WILLIAM GEORGE MILLER, M. D., June 12, 1919.
Norristown, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Captain John Arndt (1748-1814), Delegate to the Military Convention held at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1776, to choose Brigadier-Generals for the Associated Battalions of Pennsylvania; Captain, First Company, First Northampton County, Pennsylvania Battalion, Colonel Peter Kachlein, forming part of the "Flying Camp", Colonel Joseph Hart, July 9, 1776; wounded at Long Island; Agent to receive subscriptions for the Continental Loan, December 16, 1777; Commissary of Purchases, Pennsylvania Militia, February 19, 1778; Commissioner of Exchange, April 5, 1779; member of the Council of Censors of Pennsylvania, October 20, 1783.

WILLIAM IRWIN MIRKIL, February 12, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of William Maclay (1737-1804), Member of Committee of Safety, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, in 1776; Assistant Commissary of Purchases for Northumberland County, 1780.

REV. FRANKLIN SMEDLEY MOORE, March 11, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-grandson of Samuel Moore (1739-1812), Private in Captain John Moore's Company, Colonel John Stark's Regiment, New Hampshire Militia, 1775; Captain in Colonel Daniel Moore's Regiment, New Hampshire Volunteers, 1777; was in service in 1778, 1779.

FRANCIS CONSTANT PEQUIGNOT, June 12, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of John Hesser (1761-1837), Private in Captain Jacob Peterman's Company, Sixth Battalion, Philadelphia County Militia.

JOSEPH V. PEQUIGNOT, October 9, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of John Hesser (1761-1837), Private in Captain Jacob Peterman's Company, Sixth Battalion, Philadelphia County Militia.

CLAUDE MONTGOMERY PLOWMAN, March 11, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Great-great-great-grandson of Hugh Montgomery (1720-1779), Member of Provincial Congress of North Carolina, 1775; Member of Committee of Safety of Rowan County, North Carolina, 1775, 1776.

HOWARD KAFROTH REGAR, April 10, 1919.
Norristown, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of David Diffenderfer (1752-1846), Private, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Associators, 1776; Private, Captain David Wilhart's Company, German Regiment, Colonel Nicholas Haussegger, Pennsylvania Line, October 1776; Ensign, same Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Ludwig Weltner commanding, July 23, 1778; Lieutenant, Seventh Company of Foot, Fourth Battalion, Lancaster Company, Pennsylvania Militia, May, 1783.

THOMAS ROBERTS, JR., June 12, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of Thomas Bull (1744-1837), Lieutenant-Colonel, Chester County, Pennsylvania Battalion of the "Flying Camp", Colonel William Montgomery, 1776; Lieutenant-Colonel, First Battalion, 1779; Lieutenant-Colonel, Second Battalion, May 10, 1780, Chester County, Pennsylvania Militia; Colonel, Second Battalion Militia, Light Horse of Chester County, Pennsylvania, 1780-1781; captured at Fort Washington, New York, and confined in prison ship "Jersey" twenty-one months.

JOSEPH SCHELLINGER, June 12, 1919.
Royersford, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of Abraham Bennett (1735-1804), Commander of the Armed Boat "Randolph", under commission of the Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania, April 21, 1780.

SAMUEL ZIMMERMAN SHOPE, M. D., March 11, 1920.
Harrisburg, Pa.
Great-great-grandson of Bernard Shope (-1813), Private in detachment of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Militia, under Captain John Rutherford, 1779.

JOHN WESLEY SPARKS, April 10, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of John Sparks (1717-1802), Member of the Gloucester County, New Jersey, Committee of Correspondence, 1775; Member of First and Third Provincial Congress of New Jersey, 1775 and 1776.

RICHARD WAINWRIGHT THORINGTON, January 8, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Abel Titus (1761-1841), Private in the Massachusetts Line, Colonel Henry Jackson's Regiment, from July 18, 1777, to July 18, 1780. Revolutionary pensioner.

CLARENCE ARCHIE VORIS, June 12, 1919.
Milton, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of William Gray (1750-1804), First Lieutenant, Captain Caspar Weitzel's Company, Pennsylvania Rifle Regiment, Colonel Samuel Miles, March 15, 1776; captured at Long Island, August 27, 1776; exchanged December 8, 1776, for Lieutenant Thompson, Twenty-sixth British Foot; Captain, Fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Line, January 3, 1777; retired January 1, 1781; Member of the Pennsylvania State Society of Cincinnati.

RICHARD FAIRFIELD WARREN, April 10, 1919.
Devon, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of Edward Carlton (1749-1835), Private, January, 1776; promoted Corporal, February, 1776, Captain James Osgood's Company, Colonel Timothy Bedel's Regiment of New Hampshire Rangers.

HOWARD ALEXANDER WASHINGTON, February 12, 1920.
Riverton, N. J.

Great-great-great-grandson of John Augustine Washington (1736-1787), Colonel, Westmoreland County, Virginia Militia, commissioned October 31, 1775; Member of Virginia Conventions, December 1, 1775, and May 6, 1776; Acting County-Lieutenant, Westmoreland County, Virginia, 1776-1781.

CHARLES ALFRED WATTS, April 10, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-grandson of Henry Miller (1751-1824), First Lieutenant, Captain Michael Doudle's Company, Colonel William Thompson's Pennsylvania Battalion of Riflemen, June 25, 1775; promoted Captain of same, October 15, 1775; Captain, January 1, 1776; Major, March 12, 1777, to rank from September 28, 1776, First Regiment; promoted Lieutenant-Colonel, and transferred to Second Regiment, July 1, 1778, to rank from March 1, 1777, Pennsylvania Line; resigned December 8, 1778.

JACK MAURICE WILLOUGHLY, January 8, 1920.
Huntingdon, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Alexander King (1754-1826), Private in Colonel Haslet's Regiment, Delaware Line, 1776; Private and Sergeant in Fourth Pennsylvania Line, 1777-1781. Revolutionary pensioner.

LUCIAN MITCHELL ZELL, May 8, 1919.
Glen Ridge, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Alexander Lowrey (1723-1805), Member of the Provincial Conference of Pennsylvania, 1776; as Colonel in command of the Third Battalion, Lancaster County Militia, in 1777; and as Lieutenant-Colonel of the Seventh Battalion in 1780; Deputy to the Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania, July 15, 1774; Member of the Committee of Observation of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, 1775; Member of the Provincial Conference of Pennsylvania, June 18, 1776; Delegate to the Pennsylvania Constitutional Convention of 1776; Lieutenant-Colonel, Sixth Battalion, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Associators, 1776; Delegate to the Military Convention held at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1776, to choose Brigadier-Generals for the Associated Battalions of Pennsylvania; Colonel, Third Battalion, Lancaster County Militia, July 1, 1777; Lieutenant-Colonel, Seventh Battalion, same County, August 26, 1780.

The following supplemental claims, having been duly approved, were placed on file with the membership records of the Society:

ROBERT DECHERT, May 8, 1919.
Philadelphia, Pa.

(1) Great-great-great-grandson of Peter Dechert (1736-1783), Captain in Fifth Battalion, Pennsylvania Line, commanded by Colonel Robert Magaw, commissioned January 5, 1776; taken prisoner on Long Island, November 16, 1776, was paroled and resigned February 1, 1777; Major, Fourth Battalion, Berks County, Pennsylvania Militia, May 17, 1777.

(2) Great-great-grandson of Robert Porter (1768-1842), Cadet, January 9, 1779; First Lieutenant, July 2, 1781, under the arrangement of the Pennsylvania Artillery of 1781; Second Lieutenant, January 1, 1783, under the arrangement of 1783, Colonel Thomas Proctor's Pennsylvania Artillery, Continental Army; Member of the Pennsylvania State Society of the Cincinnati.

WILLIAM HENRY EGLE HOLMES, November 13, 1919.
Richmond, Va.

(1) Great-great-great-grandson of Martin Thomas (1737-1802, Private in Fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Line, October 7, 1778-1781; Sergeant in Third Regiment, Pennsylvania Line.

(2) Great-great-great-grandson of Joseph Van Gundy, Third Lieutenant, Captain Benjamin Weiser's Company, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania Militia, at Philadelphia, January 30, 1777.

(3) Great-great-great-grandson of Thomas Leiper (1745-1825), First Sergeant, First Troop, Philadelphia City Cavalry, Captain Samuel Morris, 1776-1777, 1779-1780, 1781, of which Troop he was one of the founders in 1774.

(4) Great-great-great-great-grandson of John Crosby, 3rd (1747-1822), Captain in Third Battalion, Chester County, Pennsylvania Line, commanded by Colonel Hugh Lloyd.

(5) Great-great-grandson of Valentine Egle (1756-1820), Private in Captain James Ross's Company, Colonel William Thompson's Pennsylvania Battalion of Riflemen, August 18, 1775; Private, First Regiment, Pennsylvania Line; Lieutenant in Seventh Company, Eighth Battalion, Lieutenant-Colonel James Ross commanding, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Militia, August 26, 1780.

RICHARD WAINWRIGHT THORINGTON, January 8, 1920.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Benjamin Parker (1758-1812), Private in Lieutenant Nathaniel Holmes' Company; Private in Captain Ebenzer Wood's and Captain Abraham Salisbury's Companies, Vermont Militia, 1780-1781.

HENRY MATHER WARREN, May 8, 1919.
Devon, Pa.

Great-grandson of James Kilgore (1758-1845), Private in Captain Joseph Pettingell's Company, Colonel Wesson's Massachusetts Regiment, under enlistment of February, 1777; served three years.

The summary of new and reinstated members and casualties for the year is as follows:

Elected to membership, classified as follows:

Life	24
Endowed	1
Annual	18
	43

Casualties:		
Deceased	36	
Dropped for non-payment of dues	2	
Resigned	4	
		42
Net increase in membership during the year ending April 3, 1920		1
Number of insignia issued during the year	7	

Condition of the membership of your Society on this date (April 3, 1920), covering a period of thirty-two years, is as follows:

Founders, April 3, 1888	15	
Elected to membership since April 3, 1888 (thirty seven by transfer from other State societies)	2117	
		2132
Classified as follows:		
Never qualified	9	
Perpetual or endowed	13	
Life	217	
Honorary Life	1	
Annual	1892	
Casualties:		
Elected, but never qualified	9	
Deceased	626	
Dropped from rolls for non-payment of dues	261	
Resigned	151	
Transferred to other State societies	53	
	1100	
Restored to rolls	60	
		1040
Net membership, April 3, 1920		1092
Net membership, April 3, 1919		1091
Net increase in membership during the year		1
Total number of Certificates of Membership issued		369
Total number of insignia issued		854

On motion the report was accepted and ordered to be printed in the forthcoming book of Proceedings.

The President: Your attention is especially invited to that portion of this report just read concerning the war service record of our members. The committee on compilation made strenuous efforts to have the record complete. Owing, however, to its inability to get into communication with all those who served, and to the fact that some in service failed to furnish full information of service, it was unable to make up a perfect record. All members not included in the published record, and those whose records are incomplete, are urged to communicate promptly with the Secretary of the Society, and furnish him with such information as is necessary to complete their service records, that the same may appear in our forthcoming book of Proceedings

Commander Clement Biddle, M.D., U. S. N.: If the Society intends to publish a new edition of the "War Service of Members" I think it would be well that all members should be notified of such intention and requested to supply the Committee in charge of the new edition with data necessary to complete the record. I move that such action be taken.

The motion was duly seconded and carried.

The President: The treasurer's report is in order.

The Treasurer: At the first meeting of the Board following the Annual Meeting I introduced three resolutions, in part to protect the Society and in part, I may say frankly, to relieve me of responsibility. They were, first, that the securities, amounting to some $45,000, should be taken from the hands of the treasurer and turned over to a trust company as trustee. The Board adopted that resolution. Secondly, that the treasurer should be put under a fidelity bond, which was adopted. Third, that the account should be annually audited by a certified public accountant. These resolutions have all been put into execution and will, I think, furnish a precedent for the future from which we will, probably, not depart.

The necrological roll, from reports received during the year, is as follows:

WILLET LIVINGSTON BOYD, prominent layman of the Episcopal Church, widely known in business circles and twenty-five years a member of this Society, was born in Philadelphia, February 20, 1856, and died August 10, 1919, at the rectory of Calvary Church, Conshohocken, Pennsylvania, of which church his son-in-law, the Rev. John Kennedy Moorhouse, is rector. The son of George Boyd, by his wife Bernetta Mellick, Mr. Boyd was for many years associated with his father in the wholesale grocery business at Twelfth and Market Streets, Philadelphia. Upon his father's death he became the senior member of the firm, trading under the name of George Boyd & Sons, his brothers Robert T. and J. M. Boyd being partners with him. The business was successfully operated until 1915, when the firm was dissolved. At the time of his decease Mr. Boyd was vice-president and treasurer of the Twentieth Century Warehouse Company, the success of which company is said to be largely due to his ability and untiring energy. Educated at the Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, he was from early manhood a vestryman of the Episcopal Church, first of the parish of The Covenant in Philadelphia, then, upon taking residence at Wayne, Pennsylvania, he became an organizer of St. Mary's parish, was elected upon its first vestry and so remained until his resignation five years ago. From 1916 his home was in Conshohocken, where he took a deep interest in the affairs of Calvary Church, particularly the men's organizations. He was the director of Calvary Chapter of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, making it a strong chapter for the spread of Christ's kingdom among men. To him association with his church was the most vital thing in his life. Though not in good health for several of his last years, he made a brave struggle for life, retaining until the end his spirit of unfailing optimism, for which, in addition to his mildness of manner, sincerity of purpose and solicitation for the welfare and comfort of others, he will long be remembered. One of the many tributes to his character said in part: "It was his aim in life to be of service to others and his spirit of self-sacrifice was manifested in many ways. Acts of kindness were performed by him whenever opportunity offered . . . . . Among men, and young men, he was held in high esteem and wielded a great influence." His election to membership in this Society, February 12, 1894, was in right of service of his great-great-grandfather, Henry Livingston (1714-1799), first major, Manor of Livingston Regiment, Dutchess County, New York Militia. His widow, Sophia, daughter of J. C. Allen, formerly of Wayne, survives him, as does a daughter, Mrs. John Kennedy Moorhouse.

WILLIAM GEORGE BUEHLER, Rear Admiral, U. S. N., retired, and a member of this Society for twenty-seven years, was born in Philadelphia, March 25, 1837, and closed his long, useful career at his summer home in Haverford, Pennsylvania, August 10, 1919. The son of William Old

Buehler, by his wife Henrietta Snider, he, as a boy of seven years, accompanied his parents to Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, where he was educated in private schools. He entered the United States Navy in May, 1857; becoming third assistant engineer November 21, 1857; second assistant engineer October 8, 1861; first assistant engineer October 6, 1862; chief engineer November 10, 1863; captain June 4, 1894; rear-admiral and retired March 25, 1899. He was an officer of the U. S. frigate "Niagara" when it assisted in laying the first Atlantic telegraph cable, for which service he received a gold medal from the New York Chamber of Commerce. During the Civil War he served as chief engineer of the U. S. S. "Aroostock" and U. S. S. "Galena," participating in the attacks on James River and Fort Darling, at passage of forts at entrance of Mobile Bay under Farragut. He also served on the "Michigan," "Narragansett," "Suwannee," "Chattanooga," "Nampanoag," "Pushmatahah," "Neshaminy," "Miantonomah," "Terror," "Minnesota," "Franklin," "Ticonderoga," "Plymouth," "Kearsage" and "Powhattan;" as engineer of the fleet on the South Atlantic Station in 1875; on the flag-ship "Brooklyn," and on the European station on the flag-ship "Pensacola," 1885-1888. He was a member of the United States Naval Board of Inspection four years; was twice a member of the Examining Board of Naval Engineers, the last time for over fifteen months, with the relative rank of commander and captain. On December 20, 1894, he was detached from duty on the Examining Board and ordered to the Navy Yard at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, in charge of the Department of Steam Engineering, where he remained until his retirement as rear-admiral at the close of the Spanish-American War. His election to membership in this Society, April 10, 1893, was in right of service of his great-grandfather, Henry Buehler (1740-1801), third lieutenant in Captain John McKown's Company, First Battalion of the "Flying Camp" of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, under Colonel James Cunningham, in 1776. The service of another great-grandfather, Captain Peter Nagle (1750-1834), of Reading, in Berks County, Pennsylvania Militia, 1776-1780, afforded him an additional claim. Admiral Buehler was also a member of the Military Order of Loyal Legion, Pennsylvania Commandery; the Military Order of Foreign Wars; Society of Colonial Wars in Pennsylvania, and the Rittenhouse Club. He married, first, September 8, 1863, Elizabeth Maginley, daughter of Alexander Z. Glass, of Philadelphia, by whom he had four children, three dying in infancy. His second wife, Caroline, daughter of Charles H. Rogers, the one-time president of the Tradesmen's National Bank of Philadelphia, whom he married April 4, 1888, survives him.

THOMAS EDWARD CLYDE, banker, son of John Edward Clyde, Esq., of Chester, Pennsylvania, by his second wife Emma Ott, and grandson of Thomas Clyde, also of Chester, by his wife Henrietta Mifflin Ashmead, was born in Philadelphia, August 17, 1860, and died at Chester, November 20, 1919. Educated in the public schools of Chester, he was graduated

at its High School with the Class of '78, and during the same year entered the banking house of Samuel A. Dyer, of Chester. In 1886 he was appointed teller and assistant cashier of the Chester National Bank, and in 1892 was elected cashier of the First National Bank of that city, a position he acceptably filled until elected president of that institution in January, 1919. This latter place of trust he held at his decease. He was one of the organizers and a manager of the Chester Clearing House Association and prominent in the financial affairs of Chester for a quarter of a century. His election to this Society, May 14, 1894, was in right of service of his great-great-grandfather, John Ashmead, of Philadelphia (1738-1818), naval constructor, appointed by the Marine Committee established by Continental Congress, 1776; was captain of Brig "Eagle," Pennsylvania Navy, 1777, and engaged in action with various British Privateers, 1779. Inheriting the spirit of patriotism and attracted to military affairs, Mr. Clyde enlisted March 30, 1881, as a private in Company B, Sixth Regiment, Pennsylvania National Guard; was promoted corporal June 6, 1881; sergeant October 10, 1881; second lieutenant June 21, 1886; first-lieutenant September 12, 1887; adjutant of the Regiment in 1890; elected major in 1893, and lieutenant-colonel in 1898, in which capacity he served during the Spanish-American War. He was a member of Post Lawton, Spanish-American War Veterans; a member and treasurer of the Penn Club of Chester; a director and treasurer of the J. Lewis Crozer Hospital; a vestryman and Rector's warden of St. Paul's Church, and was affiliated with various other patriotic and social organizations, from which he withdrew in the last years of his life owing to fast-failing health. Colonel Clyde married October 7, 1890, Jane Smedley, daughter of William and Annie (Engle) Hinkson, by whom he is survived with two children, Mrs. Lawrence T. Miller, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and John Edward Clyde, of Chester. The latter, while a student at Cornell University during the World War, enrolled at the Artillery Training Camp, Ithaca, New York, and served from October 19, 1917, to September 22, 1918, when he was honorably discharged.

JAMES HODGE CODDING, United States Congressman and Secretary General of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, died at his home in Brooklyn, New York, September 12, 1919. He was born in Pike Township, Bradford County, Pennsylvania, July 8, 1849, and was the eldest son of John A. Codding, Esq., by his wife Perciller Hodge. When he was five years of age, his father removed his family to Towanda, that he might take up his duties as Sheriff of the county, to which office he had just been elected, and here the son grew to manhood. Educated at the Susquehanna Collegiate Institute, Towanda, and Dartmouth College, Massachusetts, he was engaged in the hardware business, at Towanda, with Codding and Russell from 1868 to 1876. Subsequently he read law, was admitted to

the Bradford County bar in February, 1879, and was active in the practice of his profession and the fire insurance business until he removed to New York in 1900. Mr. Codding had a deep and abiding interest in the public and political affairs of his county and of Pennsylvania, and for many years played a leading part therein. His first conspicuous adventure in the field of politics was in 1890 when he was a candidate for Judge of the Bradford County Courts, on the Republican ticket, but went to defeat with his party. Later he was overwhelmingly elected to Congress on the same ticket and served as a member of the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Congresses, March 4, 1895, to March 4, 1899, from the then Fifteenth District of Pennsylvania, comprising the counties of Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming. It was, however, in the field of Free Masonry that Mr. Codding found his most congenial employment and happiness, the joy of his working life. To Masonic work and the study of Masonic history and symbolism he devoted his scholarship, his love of literature, luminous intelligence, wide information, social charm, thoroughness of investigation and skill of analysis. In his native county and those adjoining, his achievements in the advancement and diffusion of Masonic light and organization were unmeasured. That these services were not without appreciation is shown by the honors bestowed upon him by all the Masonic orders in Towanda, where he was Past-Commander of Knights Templar of Pennsylvania and Secretary of Lodge, Chapter and Commandery for over thirty years. Few men had such familiarity with Masonic practice in all its degrees and few men were so widely known in its circles, for his life work reached to every land where Masonry has a place. Hence his selection, in 1900, as Grand Secretary General of the Supreme Council of 33d and Last Degree for the Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, was an honor fully merited—the acknowledgment of the estimation in which his services were held by those occupying the highest places of trust in the Order. His was a vital and many sided personality and "his withdrawal," says a contemporaneous journal by the pen of a life-long friend, "leaves a void that cannot easily be filled. The wide range of his external interests and serene philosophy of his inner life were alike rare and noteworthy. His ever present sense of humor served to relieve and illuminate the perplexities of life . . . . A man of great personal charm, his smiling face and genial manners radiated sunshine wherever he happened to be. . . . . With this gentleness and modesty there was, even at the last, in spite of the growing years and failing strength, the buoyancy of youth, the fine dignity of maturity, a frankness and candor which blended into deep sincerity. . . . . To his immediate friends, who, through an acquaintance of years, knew his rare spirit, his uncompromising scrupulousness, his high standard of personal influence, his large horizons of sympathy, his instinct and habit of usefulness—to all these his death must be like the loss of a friendly voice from the fireside—a voice of hope, of optimistic faith and brave encouragement toward worthy ends." His election to membership in this Society, January

12, 1909, was in right of service of his great-grandfather, James Codding (1755-1836), corporal in Captain Edward Blake's Company, Colonel George Williams' Regiment of Bristol County, Massachusetts Militia, in the Warren, Rhode Island, Alarm of December 8, 1776; serving also in the same capacity in the same company at the Tiverton, Rhode Island, Alarm of August 2, 1780. Mr. Codding married September 15, 1870, Blanche Wells, of Muncy, Pennsylvania, and is by her survived, together with a son, Arthur Codding, of New York, and two brothers, John Wesley Codding, Esq., of Towanda, a member of this Society, and Charles L. Codding, M.D., of Duluth, Minnesota. Near the sunset hour of a perfect September day Mr. Codding was laid to rest in the Oak Hill cemetery, Towanda, where the committal service of the Episcopal Church was followed by the impressive service of the Master Mason's Lodge. In that beautiful spot, surrounded by the friends and familiar scenes of youth, was enacted the final scene of his life drama. A gentle, yet withal a masterful spirit, had cast aside its mantle of flesh, but the influence of his great, strong, simple, unpretentious manhood will not die.

HENRY DARRACH, lawyer and lecturer, was born in Philadelphia, July 17, 1850, and died there, January 30, 1920. His election to this Society, March 12, 1895, was under the service of his great-grandfather, Thomas Bradford (1745-1838), of Philadelphia, captain in "Chestnut Ward" Company; captain, Seventh Company, Colonel William Bradford's Battalion, Philadelphia Militia, 1777-1778, and Deputy Commissary-General of Prisoners with the rank of lieutenant-colonel. He also filed a claim under his great-great-grandfather, William Bradford (1721-1791), successively captain, major and colonel in Second and First Battalions, Philadelphia Militia, 1776-1777; was at Trenton and Princeton, where he was severely wounded and received promotion, and was in command at Billingsport, July and August, 1777, and participated in the defence of Fort Mifflin. Mr. Darrach's father, William Darrach, M.D., was a prominent physician of Philadelphia, and his colonist ancestor, William Bradford, was the first printer and publisher in the Province of Pennsylvania, well known for his controversies with the dominant party in Penn's government, and later as the publisher of the *New York Gazette*. Educated in the public schools of his native city and at Pierce's Business College, Mr. Darrach read law in the offices of Hon. F. Carroll Brewster and Charles M. Wagner, and the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, was graduated L.L.B. in 1875, and admitted to the Philadelphia bar, May 20, 1876. He immediately entered upon the practice of his profession, in which his activities drew him to all parts of the country as a lecturer on legal subjects in various colleges and universities. In addition to his legal practice he was active in the insurance world. During his student days he was connected with the Spring Garden Insurance Company, and in later life was the organizer of the Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' Tariff Association and the Perpetual

Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia, being president of the latter association in 1904. He travelled extensively in Europe, was well informed on Masonic history and the Colonial and Revolutionary history of Pennsylvania, and a writer of ability on historical, genealogical and insurance subjects. Among his publications are: "Lydia Darragh of the Revolution;" "The Darrach Family in America and Connections, 1901;" "The Bradford Family, 1660-1906;" "Voyage of William Penn in the Ship Welcome, 1682;" "Insurance: 2285 B.C.,—1906 A.D.;" and "The Standard Insurance Policy." Greatly interested in the patriotic-hereditary organizations, he was a member of the Committee on Monuments and Memorials of the Society of Colonial Wars in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under whose auspices was placed at City Hall, in this city, the Dutch and Swedish Tablets commemorating the "Early Dutch and Swedish Settlements on the Delaware." Indeed, it was at Mr. Darrach's suggestion that the tablets were conceived. On the occasion of their unveiling, February 6, 1909, he delivered a felicitous historical address. A Republican in politics, he had no ambition for office and frequently refused political preferment. A Presbyterian in religious affiliations, he was a deacon and trustee of the Walnut Street Presbyterian Church. Kindly in thought and act, he at all times lived the life of a consistent Christian gentleman. Shortly before his death he was elected librarian of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, succeeding the late Julius F. Sachse, Litt. D., in that office. Mr. Darrach was a member of the American Bar Association, the Law Association, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Society of Colonial Wars in Pennsylvania, Society of the War of 1812, the Welcome Society, St. Andrew's Society and the Masonic Lodge. He married Caroline, daughter of Harris Lindsay Sproat, and is by her survived, together with three daughters, Mrs. Kent Packard and the Misses Christine and Kathline Darrach. A brother, James Darrach, M.D., is the oldest living member of this Society.

CHARLES LUKENS DAVIS, Brigadier-General, U. S. A., son of Benjamin Davis, by his wife Elizabeth Hamill, was born at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, February 27, 1839, and died at his residence, Schenectady, New York, November 11, 1919. Twenty-one years a member of this Society, his election thereto November 11, 1898, was by virtue of the service of his grandfather, John Davis (1753-1827), of Chester County, Pennsylvania, lieutenant in Colonel Samuel John Atlee's Pennsylvania Musketry Battalion, March 19, 1776; lieutenant in Captain Lewis Farmer's Company, Pennsylvania Rifle Regiment, under Colonel Samuel Miles, April 6, 1776; captain of Ninth Regiment, November 15, 1776; transferred to First Regiment, January 17, 1781, Pennsylvania Line; retired January 1, 1783; member of the Pennsylvania State Society of the Cincinnati. He filed a supplemental claim in the Society under his great-grandfather, John Morton (1724-1777), of Chester County, Speaker of the Pennsylvania

Assembly, 1775, and a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Charles L. Davis was educated at the Lawrenceville High School, New Jersey, and prior to the Civil War was engaged as a civil engineer on railroads in Northwestern Pennsylvania and Delaware. He began his notable military career as private in the Commonwealth Artillery Company of Pennsylvania, April 24, 1861, and was honorably discharged August 5, following. He was second lieutenant, Thirty-first Pennsylvania Infantry, August 20, 1861 (changed to Eighty-second); first lieutenant, September 1, 1861, and served as first lieutenant in Signal Corps, First Army Corps, at Fredericksburg, Virginia, and in pursuit of General Jackson in the Shenandoah Valley in 1862, and in the same year was made chief signal officer of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina, becoming captain of the Eighty-second Pennsylvania Volunteers and Signal Corps in 1863. In this year he joined the Army of the Potomac and served as chief signal officer of that army from January, 1865, until the close of the war. For "gallant and meritorious services during operations resulting in the fall of Richmond," he was brevetted major, U. S. V., in April, 1865. In 1866 he was appointed second and first lieutenant, Tenth United States Infantry, and was brevetted captain and major March 2, 1867, the first "for gallant and meritorious services in the campaign from the Rapidan to the James," and the latter, for the same services "in the siege of Petersburg, Virginia." He was captain of the Tenth Infantry, 1879; major, Sixth Infantry, 1898; transferred to Eleventh Infantry, October 4, 1898; lieutenant-colonel, Eleventh Infantry, 1899; colonel, Fifth Infantry, 1901; brigadier-general, 1903; retired at his own request, after forty-one years of service, February 10, 1903. From 1866 to 1893, General Davis served on Mexican and Indian frontiers, and on College duty in North Carolina from 1893 to 1897. The two following years he spent in North Carolina organizing and discharging North Carolina volunteers for the Spanish-American War. The war ended he was appointed collector of customs at Porto Rico under the military government. Leaving there in 1900, he was made commander of Governor's Island, New York harbor, in 1901, from whence he was ordered to the Phillipine Islands, where he served until December, 1902, with the Eleventh and Fifth Infantry. In 1904, General Davis established a residence at Schenectady, and there became prominent in Masonic circles and civic affairs, being especially active in the first work locally to make the Fourth of July sane and safe. He was a life member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, a member of the Swedish Colonial Society of Pennsylvania, the American Scandinavian Society, the National Geographic Society, the Society of the Army of the Potomac, the Society of the War of 1812, the Order of the Loyal Legion, Pennsylvania Commandery, Order of Foreign Wars, Order of the Cincinnati, Order of Indian Wars, the Mohawk Club of Schenectady, and was president of the Veteran Signal Corps Association of the United States, and of the Society of Descendants of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence. He is survived by a

widow, a son, Lieutenant-Colonel Bowers Davis, of San Antonio, Texas, and a daughter, Mrs. G. R. Parker, of Garden City, Long Island.

PENNELL COOMBE EVANS, attorney-at-law, was born at Easton, Pennsylvania, May 31, 1848, and died there March 18, 1919. The son of John Evans, Esq., of Easton, by his wife Mary Isabella Horn, he was elected to this Society November 9, 1897, by virtue of the service of his maternal great-grandfather, Abraham Horn (1757-1826), sergeant in Captain Thomas Craig's Company, Second Pennsylvania Battalion, under Colonel Arthur St. Clair, January 5, 1776, and drummer in Fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Line, April 17, 1777-1781. He later filed an additional claim under the service of his great-great-grandfather, Melchior Hay (1726-1794), member of the Committee of Observation of Northampton County in 1774; captain of Williams Township Company, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Associators, May 22, 1775. Mr. Evans' education was obtained at the public schools of Northampton County, the Millersville State Normal School and Lafayette College, from which latter institution he was graduated, with a master's degree, Class of '74, having been a member of its Washington Literary Society and the Lafayette Chapter of the Phi Kappa Psi fraternity. While preparing for college he taught in the schools of Northampton County, and was assistant principal of the grammar schools of Easton when but twenty years of age. He read law and was admitted to practice February 16, 1876. By political conviction a Democrat, he took an active interest in public affairs. In 1882 he was elected to the Legislature by the voters of Northampton County and re-elected two years later. While a member of the Legislature Mr. Evans introduced and succeeded in having adopted the bill permitting defendants in all criminal cases to testify in their own behalf. Prior to the enactment of this law, no person indicted for murder could testify for himself. It was during his term of office that the Legislature sat nearly the entire year, while Governor Pattison was endeavoring to have passed an impartial Congressional apportionment bill. In July, 1895, Mr. Evans was appointed postmaster of Easton, by President Cleveland, and served four years with distinction, the office becoming a first class one in his administration. In 1903 he was elected solicitor to the county commissioners, holding this office four years. He was also a delegate to the National Democratic Conventions of 1896, 1900 and 1912. In 1907 he was a candidate for county judge, and in 1914, ran for the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Twenty-sixth District, but was defeated in each case. On January 1, 1909, he associated with himself, Clarence Beck, Esq., and formed the law firm of Evans & Beck, with offices in the First National Bank Building, Easton. Mr. Evans was a successful lawyer, with qualities peculiarly adapted to the prosecution of trials by jury, where his witticisms and genial manners won for him and his clients the favor of the jurymen. Vice-president of the

Northampton County Bar Association and president of the Pomfret Club of Easton, he was a member and past officer of many Masonic bodies, and at one time served as grand standard bearer of the Grand Commandery of Pennsylvania, Knights Templar. He married, in 1876, Caroline, daughter of Johnson Wolslayer, of Stone Church, Northampton County, who survives him with daughters, Ida, wife of L. Clyde Bixler, M.D., of Pittsburgh, and Emily, wife of John J. Mullowney, M.D., of Philadelphia.

HENRY LAWRENCE EVERETT, editor and publisher, and twenty-nine years a member of this Society, died at his home, Norristown, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1920. The son of Robert Everett, by his wife Mary Catharine Lawrence, Mr. Everett was born in the town of South River, New Jersey, November 25, 1844, and obtained his education at Altoona College, Princeton University, and the Philadelphia Polytechnic College, obtaining from the latter the equivalent of the present-day degree in civil engineering. His journalistic life began under his father, who, with John Lawlor and Elias J. Hicken, founded, in 1848, the Philadelphia *Sunday Dispatch*, now the oldest Sunday newspaper in America. This journal was published under the same proprietorship, with the able editing of Thompson Westcott, until 1869, when, upon the death of Mr. Lawlor, the remaining partners continued its publication and through their management its financial standing and literary influence increased until 1882, when Robert Everett withdrew, and with him his son. It was in this year that Henry L. Everett founded the *Millers Review*, the first number being dated February 15, 1882. This journal, devoted to grain and flour milling, is the official organ of the Pennsylvania Millers' State Association and is issued monthly. To this enterprise Mr. Everett brought the judgment of a trained mind, and his strenuous application to details won for it financial success. He is further known in the world of journalism as the author of several books, the best known of which are "The Historic Churches of North America" and "Old Philadelphians." A Republican in politics, of the conservative type, he had no aspirations for or inclinations to work in this field. His social activities largely centered in his home circle, where his reserved but kindly nature found its best setting. His election to membership in this Society, June 8, 1891, was by right of service of his great-grandfather, Seth Ellison (1757-1827), of Cheesequakes, private in Captain James Morgan's Company, Second Regiment, Middlesex County, New Jersey Militia. He was also a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. His wife, Ione Boyd, daughter of the late Felix Francis and Susan (Corson) Highley, shortly predeceased him. He is survived by an only son, Henry L. Everett, Jr., until recently a student at the University of Pennsylvania, and second lieutenant, U. S. Army, in service from July 1, 1918, to January 1, 1919.

WILLIAM BEER EWING, M.D., son of William Harvey Ewing, by his wife Katharine Susan Torbett, was born in Sewickley, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, June 12, 1866, and died at his home, Schenley Farms, Pennsylvania, July 17, 1917. He was elected to membership in this Society, March 25, 1895, under the service of his great-great-great-great-grandfather, Samuel Coit (1708-1792), of Plainfield and Greenwich, Connecticut, colonel, Eighth Regiment, Connecticut Militia, 1776; resigned June 13, 1776; Judge of the Maritime Court. He also filed another claim under the service of his great-great-grandfather, Amos Chase (1760-1849), of Sutton, Massachusetts, first lieutenant, Ninth Company Sixteenth Regiment, New Hampshire Militia, 1776. Dr. Ewing was educated at the public schools of Pittsburgh, and the Elder Ridge Academy, and was graduated at the Central High School. His medical instruction was obtained at the Western University of Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated in 1886. He took a post graduate course at Johns Hopkins, Baltimore, specializing in dermatology, and his later research work, in this field, won for him recognition as a leader in the medical profession. Upon his return to Pittsburgh, he was for some years resident physician at the Children's Hospital, later establishing private practice. He was also a member of the staff of the Allegheny General Hospital and of St. Francis Hospital. Identified with the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, the American Dermatological Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the American Medical Association, and one of the most active members of these organizations, he was also president of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, and many years treasurer of the county organization. A Presbyterian by religious inheritance and conviction, Dr. Ewing was a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh, and a member also of the Mystic Shrine, Duquesne Commandery, Knights Templar; the University Club; the Pittsburgh Athletic Association; the Pittsburgh Country Club, and the University of Pittsburgh Alumni Association. In 1905 he was married to Miss Emma Copeland, by whom he is survived, with one brother, Harry Ewing, Esq., of Pittsburgh.

REAH FRAZER, Commodore Supply Corps, U. S. N., retired, and more than twenty-five years a member of this Society, died in the Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, December 20, 1919. The son of Colonel Reah Frazer, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, by his wife Abiann, daughter of Captain John Steele of "Harmony Hall," Lancaster County, he was born at Lancaster, August 11, 1853, having descended from several lines of ancestors whose achievements added lustre to their country's annals generally and to those of their county in particular. In the history of political leadership in Lancaster County, 1828-1856, his father's name was linked with that of James Buchanan and Thaddeus Stevens. In the

field of the law he had few equals. Reah Frazer, the younger, began his naval career as captain's clerk, attached to the flagships "Hartford" and "Lackawanna" on the Asiatic Station, 1872-1875; was appointed assistant paymaster, U. S. N., July 15, 1875, and, after passing through the intervening grades, became pay director with the rank of captain, January 19, 1903. During his active service the deceased officer was attached to the "Intrepid," "Catskill," "Rio Bravo," "Alliance," "Wachusett," "St. Louis," "Richmond," and "Puritan." In addition, he was the pay officer of the well-remembered Jeannette Arctic Search Expedition, 1880-1882, and in 1898 served in a similar capacity aboard the U. S. S. "Indiana," North Atlantic Squadron, and participated in the bombardment of San Juan, Porto Rico, May 12, the eastern and western batteries at Santiago de Cuba, July 2, taking part in the naval engagement with Cervera's fleet off Santiago de Cuba, July 3, 1898, for which he received the West Indian Campaign Medal—the Sampson insignia. On August 11, 1915, he was retired from the Navy after forty-three years of life on the sea, having reached the age limit. During the World War he returned to the service, was detailed for duty as retired Naval Supply Officer at the Naval Academy, Annapolis, and later for duty in charge of the New York Pay Navy Office. Admitted to membership in this Society, December 11, 1893, by right of service of his great-grandfather, William Frazer (1752-1817), of St. George's Hundred, New Castle County, Delaware, captain in Delaware Light Horse; Commodore Frazer filed a supplemental claim under the service of his great-grandfather, Captain John Steele (1758-1827), of the Pennsylvania Line, who, participating in most of the important battles of the Revolution, was wounded at Brandywine and became an original member of the Pennsylvania State Society of the Cincinnati. He also filed an additional claim under the service of his great-great-grandfather, Lieutenant John Carpenter (1737-1798), of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Militia, 1776-1777, wounded at Long Island. Commodore Frazer was a member of the Society of Colonial Wars in Pennsylvania, the Military Order of Foreign Wars, the Society of War of 1812, the Union League, the University Club of Philadelphia and the Army and Navy clubs of New York and Washington. He is survived by a widow, Mrs. Sallie Waterman Frazer. His deceased brother James Patriot Wilson Frazer, was a member of this Society.

JOHN STOVER FRETZ died at his home "Maplehurst," on the Willow Grove turnpike, Doylestown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, June 24, 1918. The son of Philip Kratz Fretz, by his wife Anna Stover, he was a descendant of John Fretz, the pioneer, who emigrated from Manheim, Rhenish Prussia, and settled in Pennsylvania in 1720. Born at the Fretz homestead in Doylestown Township, September 22, 1850, he was reared on a farm and acquired the foundations of his education in the district school and at the Tennant School at Hartsville. From his boy-

hood he was an experimenter in mechanics. It is said that, when but fourteen years of age, he made the model of a steam engine which took a prize at the first Doylestown fair. Later as a young man he constructed a full sized steam engine, turning the parts by hand in a shop fitted up for him by his father. This engine is still in operation pumping water from a quarry. Because of his mechanical bent and to occupy his time, he erected a saw mill in 1880, in which the equipment was continuously changed during the next few years to keep abreast with the improvements in machinery. This plant was one of Mr. Fretz's hobbies and from it, in former years, was turned out an immense quantity of finished lumber. This mill was destroyed by fire in 1897, but though entirely rebuilt was never afterward operated. He was an expert in woods and wood manufacturing and his knowledge and experience in these lines made him a consultant of builders and business men of the vicinity and from a distance. His recreation was driving horses, but, with the advent of the automobile, he became the pioneer automobilist of his community, purchasing his first car in 1899. His interest in this industry became a fad, and as the years passed he followed its rapid advance, purchasing possibly twenty cars of many makes and models. Because of his interest, leisure and mechanical bent the automobile's development is said to have been greatly assisted by his suggestions and inventions. Mr. Fretz was a director of the Bucks County Trust Company, and of the Doylestown Wheel and Spoke Company, a central figure in the local business world and a liberal promoter of all enterprises leading to the civic development of Doylestown and vicinity. In politics he was a staunch Democrat. In religious faith and practice a Presbyterian, he served many years as a trustee of the Doylestown Presbyterian Church. He was a member of the Pennsylvania German Society, the Bucks County Historical Society and of the Doylestown Country Club. His election to this Society, February 13, 1912, was by virtue of the service of his great-grandfather, Jacob Stover (1757-1844), private in Bedminster Company, Third Battalion, Bucks County, Pennsylvania Militia, 1777-1780, under Captain William McHenry. On November 12, 1879, Mr. Fretz married Mary Wilson, daughter of Henry Long, of Doylestown, who survives him, as does a son, Augustus Henry Fretz, a member of the Faculty of Lehigh University, and of this Society. A nephew, John Edgar Fretz, M.D., is also a member of the Society.

WILLIAM HOUSTON GREENE, M.D., born at Columbia, Pennsylvania, December 30, 1853, died at his summer home, Wenonah, New Jersey, August 8, 1918. Cut off in the golden maturity of his powers he had, nevertheless, rounded out a successful career as an educator, author, scientist and business man of large affairs, who, for years, had been a prominent force in the scientific, artistic and financial development of Philadelphia. The son of the late eminent Stephen Greene, of Phila-

delphia, by his wife Martha Mifflin Houston, of Columbia, Pennsylvania, he proved himself the worthy son of worthy parents. His election to this Society, March 12, 1912, was by right of service of his maternal great-grandfather, Dr. John Houston (1743-1809), who, educated at Glasgow University and a graduate of the Medical School, College of Philadelphia, now the University of Pennsylvania, with the Class of 1769, the second to be graduated at that institution, was a member of the Committee of Safety and Correspondence of York County, Pennsylvania, 1774-1775; surgeon in Fifth Pennsylvania Battalion, commanded by Colonel Robert Magaw, 1797, and surgeon in the Military Hospital at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, 1776-1777. During his boyhood Dr. Greene's parents removed to Philadelphia, and it was here that the foundations of his education were laid. After finishing the grammar school course he entered the Boys' Central High School from which he was graduated in June, 1870. He later matriculated at Jefferson Medical College, where his pronounced scientific bent led him to specialize in chemistry, and, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine therefrom in 1873, he was appointed assistant to Benjamin Howard Rand, who held the chair of chemistry. Two years later he was advanced to the position of Dean of Chemistry. Desiring to extend his training, particularly in the field of organic chemistry, and attracted by the fame of Adolph Wurtz, Dr. Greene spent 1877-1879 in Paris, in fruitful experimentation and research work under the direction of the great teacher, and in close companionship with distinguished chemists like Fridel, Le Bel and Henniger. Upon his return to Philadelphia he became Dean of Chemistry in the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania, and in the year following was elected Professor of Chemistry in his *alma mater*—the Boys' Central High School—which position he held until 1892. It was during this period of twelve years that Dr. Greene achieved his greatest eminence as a chemist and teacher. Esteemed and beloved by his students and associates in the faculty, he originated and developed methods of instruction that proved most successful, especially along the lines of lecture demonstration and laboratory practice, and it was he who first equipped a laboratory with desks, water and gas supply, reagents, etc., for the individual student, and devised a complete course of experiments. During these years Dr. Greene also conducted a considerable number of researches, of which some forty-five printed papers, most of them in French, attest the scope. Among the most important of these may be mentioned his work, with Dr. William H. Wahl, on the reduction of manganese, and that, with Dr. Samuel C. Hooker, on lapachic acid and its numerous derivatives. A collection of rare specimens of organic compounds, made by Dr. Greene, now in possession of the Central High School, bears mute witness to the skill and industry with which he devoted himself to synthetic chemical work. His masterly translation of Wurtz's "Elementary Lessons" in Modern Chemistry,

and his own excellent text book, "Lessons in Chemistry," have both passed through many editions, of which the most recent were edited and revised by Harry Frederick Keller, Ph.D., to whose sketch of Dr. Greene, printed in the "Journal of the Franklin Institute," the present testimonial is indebted. As a consulting chemist, Dr. Greene long enjoyed an enviable reputation, his experience extending over a wide field in medical and industrial chemistry. Resigning his professorship in 1892, he associated himself with the great printing house of which his father was the proprietor, and to the extension of this, particularly after his father's decease in 1908, he assiduously devoted his energies. Business interests alone were, however, never allowed to circumscribe his obligations to the other relations of life. That he still retained a vital interest in the progress of science is well attested by surviving friends as well as by many a struggling inventor, who, by his encouragement and financial aid, was enabled to develop successfully some practical application of a scientific principle. He also gave liberally of his time and means to the advancement of the musical and artistic life of Philadelphia. A man of virility was Dr. Greene, thoughtful of every one's rights, fearless in defence of truth, eloquent with his tongue, facile with his pen, affable in demeanor and at ease everywhere; his quick wit and mind teeming with knowledge and philosophy, and his ever present sense of humor, made him an ideal companion. His portrait by Frank G. A. Linton is truly an index of the rare personality of the man. Generosity was among his most pronounced and inherited traits, and his contributions to charities and individuals showed themselves large in deeds, little in words. Among his bequests to institutions of learning were those of his unique and valuable chemical library to Jefferson College; a substantial addition to the publication fund of the American Philosophical Society, and a large part of his chemical apparatus and collections to the Central High School. On the largest scale his beneficence was exemplified in the bountiful contributions he made to the American Red Cross, the Belgian Relief Committee and to every War Committee that appealed to his loyal heart. He was a member of many learned societies, among them the Chemical Societies of London, Paris and Berlin, the American Philosophical Society, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and the Philadelphia County Medical Society. At the time of his death he was president of the Philadelphia Musical Art Club, and a member of the Manufacturers' and City clubs of Philadelphia. He married April 7, 1902, Sara, daughter of Martin Cavanaugh, of Philadelphia, by whom he is survived, with one son, Stephen Greene. Mrs. Greene was an active member of the Belgian Relief Committee of the Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania, the Navy League and the National League for Women's Service, during the late World War.

RICHARD RALPH HAMMOND, broker, born at Philadelphia, June 19, 1878; died at Ardmore, Pennsylvania, April 8, 1919. The son of Thomas Francis Hammond, general agent of the Hammond Typewriter Company for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and West Virginia, by his wife Lucy Elizabeth Waters, he received his education at Rugby Academy, Philadelphia, and Philips Academy, Exeter, New Hampshire. Entering business life at the age of nineteen he was, shortly thereafter, assistant manager of sales with the Pennsylvania Steel Corporation. Following an experience of seventeen years with this organization he engaged in business for himself, as an iron and steel broker, under the firm name of R. R. Hammond & Co., with offices in the Widener Building, achieving success in this field. His election to this Society, January 9, 1919, was in right of service of his great-great-grandfather, Ephraim Swan (1713-1776), private in Captain John Abbott's Company, Andover, Massachusetts Militia, 1775, and private in Captain Samuel Johnson's Company, Andover Militia, Colonel Wigglesworth's Massachusetts Regiment, sent to defend Ticonderoga. Paternally he descended from Mrs. Elizabeth Hammond, widow of William Hammond of London, who, with a son Benjamin and three daughters, came to Boston, Massachusetts, in the ship "Griffin," in September, 1634, with the Rev. John Lathrop. The son settled at Sandwich on Cape Cod. His children married into the Mayflower families and through such a marriage Mr. Hammond descended from one of the Mayflower group, Frances Cooke, who, prior to the historic sailing in 1620, was a sometime resident of Holland. Mr. Hammond was a member of the Markham Club of Philadelphia and of other organizations. He married Florence, daughter of William Haden, and is by her survived, as well as by three children, Richard Haden, Catrinne and Phyllis Hope Hammond.

HENRY JESSUP HAND, iron merchant, twenty-six years in membership with this Society, died suddenly at Wayne, Pennsylvania, January 12, 1920. His father, the late James Cooke Hand, was president of the American Academy of Music of Philadelphia, a director of the Bank of North America, and of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, and one of the Council of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. The son was born at Philadelphia, May 15, 1844, and obtained his education largely at the Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia. From his early manhood he was associated with the firm of James C. Hand & Co., wholesale iron merchants, with which he remained until his retirement from business life. Baptized and confirmed at old Christ Church, Philadelphia, of which his father was vestryman, 1849-1853, he became, in later life, connected with St. Mary's Memorial Church, Wayne, having established his home in that borough more than thirty years ago, and was many years a vestryman of that parish. A staunch Republican, he took an active part in politics during the earlier years of his residence at Wayne, and maintained

a deep interest in the civic affairs of that place even in his declining years His firmness of character combined with gentleness of manner, scholarly tastes and a mind unusually well equipped, surrounded him with a wide circle of friends. He was elected to membership in this Society, April 21, 1892, in right of service of his great-grandfather, John Keen (1747-1832), of Philadelphia, private in Captain Richard Humphrey's Company, General John Cadwalader's Brigade, Philadelphia Militia, and was wounded at Princeton in 1777. Mr. Hand was also a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Swedish Colonial Society of Pennsylvania, and the Men's Club of Wayne. He married Elizabeth, daughter of George and Mary (Perot) Martin, who survives him, as do three daughters, the Misses Helen M. and Edith Hand, of Wayne, and Anita M. Hand, of New York.

THEODORE MOORE HART, civil war veteran, died at Arcola, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, March 26, 1919. His election to membership in this Society was by right of service of his great-grandfather, Abner Hart (1762-1825), private in Captain John Hunt's Company, First Regiment, Hunterdon County, New Jersey Militia. He filed a supplemental claim under another great-grandfather, Benjamin Van Cleve (1740-1817), lieutenant in First Regiment, Hunterdon County, New Jersey Militia, 1775; captain in Colonel Philip Johnson's Regiment, New Jersey State Troops, under commission of June 14, 1776; major First Regiment, Hunterdon County Militia, commissioned March 15, 1777; resigned on election to the New Jersey Assembly in 1777, serving in that body until 1805, being Speaker in 1784. The son of Alexander Chambers Hart, a prominent Philadelphia physician of his day, by his wife Mary Taylor Clark, of Clarksville, New Jersey, Theodore M. Hart was born in Philadelphia, March 23, 1846. A drummer boy for recruiting at the commencement of the Civil War, he subsequently joined the State Fencible Cadets, becoming in 1866 a member of the First Regiment, Gray Reserves. On June 3, 1870, while engaged in mercantile pursuits at Trenton, he was appointed Paymaster in Second Brigade, National Guard of New Jersey, holding this position until July 28, 1874, when he entered the financial branch of the Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A., at Philadelphia, resigning as cashier October 7, 1911. In 1911, following the decease of his wife, Elizabeth Rickey, he made a permanent home at Arcola, on a picturesque bluff overlooking the Perkiomen Valley. There he became closely identified with St. James Episcopal Church, Perkiomen, of which he was senior warden. Distinguished in bearing and of courteous manner, with scholarly tastes, a musician of ability and an art connoisseur of fine discrimination, Mr. Hart surrounded himself with an atmosphere of culture and refinement. He was a member

of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and of other organizations. Leaving no issue, he is survived by a niece, Miss C. Eleanor Hart, and a nephew, Alexander C. Hart.

HENRY GURLEY HAY, twenty-five years a member of this Society, son of George Duffield Hay, of Vincennes, Indiana, by his wife Harriet Hannah Axtell, was born at Indianapolis, October 31, 1847, and died at Gary, in the same state, August 8, 1919. Educated at the University of Vincennes and the Commercial College of Poughkeepsie, New York, as well as at the schools of Galena, Illinois, and Harmony, Pennsylvania, he began his business career as book-keeper and surface superintendent of the lead mines at Galena, Missouri. After the organization of the territory of Wyoming he went there, in 1870, as deputy United States Surveyor and surveyed the greater part of southeastern Wyoming. He later engaged in cattle and sheep raising and in the wholesale grocery business. In 1888 he was chosen first cashier of the Stock Growers' National Bank of Cheyenne, Wyoming, becoming president of this institution in 1894, in which year he was elected Territorial Treasurer of Wyoming, serving in this office and as State Treasurer several terms during thirty-three years in Wyoming. He was a member of the State Constitutional Convention and was Centennial Commissioner for Wyoming 1890-3. Accepting the position of assistant treasurer of the United Steel Corporation in 1903, he removed to New York, where he continued to reside until his last illness. His membership in this Society, dating from October 14, 1895, was in right of service of his great-grandfather, William Hay (——-1812), first lieutenant, "Liberty Company," Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Associators, May 17, 1775; major, August 18, 1776; lieutenant-colonel, August 30, 1776, First Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, Battalion of the "Flying Camp," under Colonel James Cunningham; also Commissary of Forage, Quartermaster's Department. Subsequently he filed a supplement claim under the service of his maternal great-grandfather, Henry Axtell (1738-1818), major in Eastern Battalion, Morris County, New Jersey Militia; major, in Colonel Jacob Ford's Battalion of New Jersey State Troops, 1776. Mr. Hay was also a member of the Union League of New York and of various Masonic bodies—Shrine, Consistory, Commandery. He married, in 1874, Ella, daughter of Dr. Bullock, of La Salle County, Illinois, who died in 1895; secondly, in 1903, Mary Abbott Seabolt, who died in 1907. He is survived by the issue of his first marriage, Henry G. Hay, now president of the Gary State Bank of Indiana, and Mrs. Mildred Hay Gibbs, of Pasadena, California.

ROBERT CHAPMAN HEYL, manufacturer, son of John Bernard Heyl, by his wife Jane Chapman, was born at Philadelphia, October 9, 1853, and died at his residence, Wynnewood, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1919. Educated at Friends' Central School, Philadelphia, Mr. Heyl

began his business life as a hardware merchant, but later became associated with his brothers in the firm of Heyl Brothers, sugar manufacturers and syrup refiners, this firm having succeeded that of Harris, Heyl & Co., of which his father was a member. At the time of his decease he was president of the company. The resolutions of respect passed September 17, 1919, at a special meeting of the Grocers and Importers' Exchange, of which Mr. Heyl was a member, said in part: "Mr. Heyl was a man of high ideals, a thorough-going gentleman in all his social and business relations. Very modest in his demeanor, he was imbued with the highest principles of courteous and honorable conduct, to which he never failed to conform, and to them was added a gentleness and kindliness of manner which endeared him to all his associates and numberless friends." By religious convictions he was a Lutheran and a member of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, Philadelphia, to which church his allegiance and support never faltered. In politics he was a Republican, and many years a member of the Union League. A lover of out-door sports generally, he was, in particular, interested in gunning and later in golf, and was a member of the Merion Cricket Club. He was also a member of the Board of Trustees of the Northern Home for Friendless Children. His admittance to membership in this Society, May 8, 1919, was by right of service of his great-grandfather, Philip Heyl (1739-1811), who was born in Philadelphia, September 15, 1739, twelve days after his parents arrived from Baden, Germany, in the good ship "Friendship," and was commissioned ensign in Third Battalion, Philadelphia Associators, under Colonel John Cadwalader, February 4, 1775, was ensign in General John Cadwalader's Brigade, Philadelphia Militia, 1777. His maternal great-grandfather, George Esher (1766-1855), enlisted August 25, 1779, when but thirteen years of age, as drummer in Captain Ezekiel Lett's Company, Colonel William Bradford's First Regiment of Foot, Philadelphia Militia, and saw considerable service. His drum is deposited in Independence Hall among "Colonial Relics." Mr. Heyl married, October 29, 1888, Clara Elizabeth, daughter of Conrad S. Grove, by his wife Clara Styer, and is by her survived, together with two sons, John Bernard Heyl and Robert Chapman Heyl, Jr., both of whom are members of this Society, and both served in the World War. John Bernard Heyl enlisted in May, 1917, in First Troop, Philadelphia City Cavalry. After training at Camp Hancock, Georgia, he sailed for France in May, 1918, with the 103rd Trench Mortar Battery, Twenty-eighth Division, and participated in the Vesle-Aisne, Meuse-Argonne and Lys-Scheldt offensives. Robert C. Heyl, Jr., attended the Third Officers Training Camp at Camp Upton, Montauk, Long Island, New York, and sailed for France in April, 1919. He was commissioned second lieutenant, June 1, 1918, after completing the course at the Saumur Artillery School, Saumur, France, and was assigned to the 9th auto-air-craft sector, stationed at Chaumont, until after the armistice.

FRANK MELCHOIR HORN, banker, twenty-three years a member of this Society, died suddenly at Catasauqua, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, January 11, 1920. The son of Colonel Melchoir Hay Horn, of Catasauqua, by his wife, Matilda Louisa Heller, of Easton, Mr. Horn was born at Easton, October 16, 1852. His election to this Society, October 7, 1897, was by right of service of his great-grandfather, Abraham Horn (1757-1826), sergeant in Captain Thomas Craig's Company, Second Pennsylvania Battalion, under Colonel Arthur St. Clair, January 5, 1776; drummer in Fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Line, April 17, 1777-1781. He subsequently filed supplemental claims under the services of Captain Melchoir Hay (1726-1794); Private Christian Butz (1756-1821); Captain Jacob Heller (1750-1822), and Major Robert Trail (1744-1816), all of Northampton County. Educated in the public schools of Catasauqua, Mr. Horn was a graduate of its High School, Class of 1867. On the fiftieth anniversary of his graduation he was made president emeritus of the alumnae association of the schools, and at his decease his brother, Charles Robert Horn, was elected to take his place, which actions were in recognition of the interest the Horn family had evidenced in school matters. In 1867 he entered the employ of the National Bank of Catasauqua, of which his father had been the first cashier upon its organization in 1857. Step by step he advanced from clerk to cashier and, upon the death of his father, in 1890, was elected to succeed him in the presidency of the institution. Nine years later he was, at his own request, relieved from the exacting duties of this office and was chosen cashier, in which position he remained until his death. Mr. Horn held high rank among the bankers of the state and was active in financial councils. By his thorough knowledge of banking and by his enterprising yet conservative application of its principles, he contributed very substantially to the standing of the institution with which he was associated for more than half a century. He was for a year president of Group Three of the Pennsylvania Bankers' Association, and from June, 1918, to June, 1919, he was president of the state association. He was also connected with the Home and Catasauqua Building and Loan Associations, in both of which he held office, being treasurer of the former. Interested in a number of local industries, he was the treasurer and a director of the Wahnetah Silk Company. An enthusuastic worker in all of Catasauqua's Red Cross and financial war activities, he was a large factor in the town's over one million dollar contribution to the Liberty Loan. In politics he was an independent Democrat. Mr. Horn was a leading member of the Holy Trinity Lutheran Church of Catasauqua during the greater part of his life, many years a member of the church council and at one time its treasurer; no project was ever undertaken until his advice was sought; when others were perplexed his calm judgment and unfailing good sense prevailed. Fraternally, he was prominently identified with Masonic circles, was a member of Porter Lodge, No. 284, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he was a past

worshipful master; of the Allen Commandery, Knights Templar; the Allen Council, and a Noble of the Rajah Temple at Reading. He also held membership in the Catasauqua Club, the Livingston Club of Allentown, the Lehigh Country Club and the Pennsylvania German Society. At one time he was a member of Company I, Fourth Regiment, N. G. P., of Catasauqua, and went through the famous Reading riots of 1877. He married, January 18, 1882, Elizabeth F., daughter of John Williams, of Catasauqua, who survives him, with the four children who blessed their union: Melchoir Hay Horn, 3rd, of Scranton; Mrs. Cornelius Van Inwegen, of New York; Mrs. Mitchell McMullen, of Syracuse, New York, and Mrs. Ralph W. Kempsmith, of Cleveland, Ohio. A local paper, under the heading Catasauqua's Loss said, editorially, in part: "Socially, he was quiet and unobtrusive, but a friend who could always be depended upon and whose many splendid traits of character were among his most conspicuous virtues. He was a lover of the beautiful—the unfrequented country road, the birds, the trees and the flowers—and his greatest pleasure was a drive into the rural sections where he might commune with nature. But summing up his whole life, all that need be said is that, Frank M. Horn was a good citizen and a true man. Peace to his ashes."

JOSEPH FREDERICK HOUSTON, manufacturer, was born at Washington Lane, Germantown, August 30, 1865, and died suddenly in Philadelphia, September 19, 1919. Deeply interested in the object and aims of this Society, his election to membership therein, March 11, 1902—seventeen years ago—was in right of service of his great-grandfather, William Churchill Houston (1740-1788) of Trenton, captain in Second Battalion, Somerset County, New Jersey Militia, under commission of February 28, 1776; member of the Council of Safety of New Jersey; member of the Continental Congress, from New Jersey, 1779-1782, 1784-1785, and for a time secretary thereof and Comptroller of the Treasury, 1781. The son of the late William Churchill Houston, also a member of this Society, and ninth president of the Union League, by his wife Mary Bartholomew Solms, Mr. Houston received his education in part at the Germantown Academy and at Dr. Faries' Classical Institute, Philadelphia, completing it with a tutor. All his business life was spent in the field of textile industry. In 1885 he entered the wool and yarn commission business with Edwin Ihree Atlee, which partnership was later dissolved and Mr. Houston afterward became a member of the firm of Thomas and Houston. In the interim he was the Philadelphia manager for the yarn department of the firm of John M. Conway & Co., New York. For the past seventeen years he has owned and operated the Necronsett Mills, Inc., formerly known as the Cumberland Cotton Mills, of which corporation he was the president. The trade to which the output of these mills was sold, desired that the yarn should have a name. Mr. Houston having read an Indian

story in which one of the leading characters, a doctor of Indian birth, bore the name Necronset, and, thinking it a musical one, gave it to his mills, which are located in Cumberland, North Carolina, with offices in the Bourse Building, Philadelphia. He married Marian Florence Freeman, who survives him. A brother, William Churchill Houston, Jr., was one of the founders of this Society.

NATHANIEL SEAVER KEAY, twenty-six years a member of this organization, died at Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia, after several years illness, October 29, 1919. The son of Nathaniel Washburn Keay, by his wife Susan Woodworth Seaver, of Rutland, Vermont, he was born at Springvale, Maine, May 4, 1847, descending paternally from Francis Cooke, the seventeenth signer of the Pilgrim Compact of government, framed on the historic Mayflower, November 21, 1620, while in Plymouth Harbor. Mr. Keay's election to membership in this Society, February 13, 1893, was by virtue of the service of his great-grandfather, Nathaniel Seaver, of Norwich, Vermont, sergeant three years in Colonel Seth Warner's Additional Continental Regiment of Vermont. In 1876, Mr. Keay came to Philadelphia and for a time was engaged in the commission business. For many years he was a director and secretary of the Kent Manufacturing Company, one of the oldest and largest makers of woolen goods and French spun worsteds in the country, which employs more than one thousand textile workers in its factories at Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania, and Bedford, Virginia, and which for more than a half century has supplied the United States government with fabrics for the army and navy. He was a Republican in politics. A Swedenborgian in religious faith, he was an active member of the Church of the New Jerusalem, Philadelphia. Strongly patriotic, with an active interest in all that concerned America, he greatly valued his membership in this Society, the Union League and the Society of Mayflower Descendants in Pennsylvania. But the best of himself was continually given to personal service and civic betterment in the industrial community of his residence, Clifton Heights. Mr. Keay married Louise, daughter of Thomas Kent, of Middleton, England, who was the founder, in 1843, of the Kent Manufacturing Company, and she survives him. Surviving him also are two sons, Alan Kent Keay and Louis Kent Keay, who were associated with their father in business, and five daughters, Mrs. Thomas Ballard and the Misses Edythe Leonard, Carol Seaver, Louise Nathalie and Gladys Kent Keay. During the late war the family were active in all patriotic and Red Cross service. The youngest son, Louis Kent Keay, left college in his junior year, entered the First Troop, Philadelphia City Cavalry, was commissioned second lieutenant before his twentieth birthday and served in France. Mr. Keay was interred in the grounds of old St. David's Church, Radnor.

LUCIUS SCOTT LANDRETH, attorney-at-law and twenty-seven years a member of this Society, died at Philadelphia, November 30, 1919. The son of Oliver Landreth by his wife Harriet Rea Linton, he was born in Philadelphia, April 20, 1856, and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, Class of '76, receiving the degree of A.M. in 1879, and that of L.L.B. in 1880, being awarded the Sharswood prize at graduation in law. He was admitted to the Philadelphia bar June 18, 1880, and thereafter pursued the practice of his profession. Like his father he possessed no inclination for preferment or conspicuous display in any phase of life, but found time for work along scholarly, philanthropic and religious lines. He wrote on legal subjects; published "Brief Analyses of Sale," and was co-editor with Francis A. Lewis, Esq., of the eighth edition of "Smith's Leadiug Cases." Mr. Landreth was formerly Church Advocate of the Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania, member of the Board of Trustees of the Philadelphia Divinity School, a communicant of St. Andrew's Church, Philadelphia, and actively interested in all movements for the advancement of the Episcopal faith. He was also vice-president of the Law Academy and a member of the Board of Governors of the Trades League of Philadelphia. Elected to membership in this Society, February 8, 1892, under the service of his great-great-grandfather, Jacob Perkins (1731-1792), member of the Committee of Observation of Burlington County, New Jersey, 1775; second major, First Regiment, Burlington County Militia, April 18, 1778; major in Colonel John Taylor's Regiment of New Jersey State Troops, October 9, 1779; Mr. Landreth filed a supplemental claim under the service of another great-great-grandfather, John Rodney (1725-1792), member of the Committee of Safety of Sussex County, Delaware, November 7, 1776; military treasurer of Sussex County, 1777, and a member of the Committee on Accounts of Military Expenses in 1777. Mr. Landreth was also a member of the Rittenhouse and Philadelphia Country clubs. He married Frances Marx, daughter of Edward Johnson Etting, and is by her survived. A daughter, Maria Etting Landreth, and sons, Lucius Scott and Rodney M. Landreth, also survive him. A brother, William Linton Landreth, is a member of this Society, as was his late father, Oliver Landreth.

ALEXANDER HENRY LANE, merchant, son of Alexander Thomas Lane by his wife Anna Sutton Hansell, born at Philadelphia, March 25, 1853; died suddenly at Chestnut Hill, July 16, 1919. His election to this Society, May 12, 1903, was in right of service of his maternal great-grandfather, Standish Forde, Jr. (1759-1806), private in Captain Lazarus Pine's Company, Second Battalion, Philadelphia Foot Militia, under Colonel Sharpe Delaney, which company was active at Billingsport defending the fort against the British, and was mustered out July 12, 1777; later, he was forage-master, Commissary General's Department

of New Jersey. Mr. Lane enjoyed the educational advantages of private and public schools of his native city, and was graduated, honor man, at the Central High School, Class of '71. He immediately entered the well known cloth house of John B. Ellison & Sons, Philadelphia, remaining therewith until his decease; filling successively the positions of clerk, book-keeper and head of the finance department, being an associate member of the firm during his last fifteen years. For more than forty years he had been a communicant of the Episcopal Church, and, in political faith, he was a Republican. His everyday life was that of a quiet, self-contained man whose highest aim was the welfare of those dear to him. His ambition was circumscribed by the limits of his household; wealth, position or political honors held no allurement for him. In the home circle, interested in reading, music and the development of the higher qualities of head and heart, he found his largest pleasure. His integrity and intelligence, his modesty, gentle kindliness and optimistic outlook endeared him to business associates and friends alike. Possessed of a good tenor voice, he was many years a member of the Cecilian Society, the Philadelphia Chorus and St. Mark's choir, in the latter of which he sang over twenty-five years. He also had been a member of the Undine Boat Club, on the Schuylkill, for forty or more years, holding a record for the best scull rowing, and usually devoting an afternoon weekly to this exercise. He married, September 30, 1884, Elizabeth Pennock Selden, who survives him, with their two children: Rev. Edwin Selden Lane, of the Episcopal Church, who served as chaplain overseas during the late war, and Mrs. Douglass Woodruff, of Auburn, New York.

ERNEST LAW, broker, died at St. David's, Pennsylvania, after a short illness, April 24, 1919. Twenty-six years a member of this Society, his election thereto, February 13, 1893, was by virtue of the service of his great-grandfather, Richard Law (1733-1806), of Hartford, member of the Continental Congress from Connecticut, 1777-1778 and 1781-1784. Born at Philadelphia, March 28, 1858, Mr. Law was the youngest of the three sons of the late Edward Ellenborough Law, a prominent member of the Philadelphia bar, by his wife Mary, daughter of Captain James Cooper. His preliminary education was obtained at the Episcopal Academy, and at Dr. Faries' Classical Academy, where the youth of his day were taught that the classics were not dead languages. Afterward he went to the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the Class of '77, being class president in his senior year, and was also a member of Philo and of the Delta Phi fraternity. Beginning his business career in the banking house of J. W. Paul & Co., he later became a junior member of the firm of J. W. Hoffman & Co., Iron and Steel Brokers, and upon the dissolution of that partnership, January 1, 1900, founded the firm that bears his name, Ernest Law & Co., Iron and Steel, Coal

and Coke, in which he was active until the time of his decease. His political affiliations were always Republican. In religious faith and practice he was an Episcopalian. While living in Philadelphia, he was connected with St. Stephen's Church, the religious home of his parents, but after taking residence at St. David's, he became a member of St. Mary's Memorial Church at Wayne. He was a member also of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Society of Colonial Governors, the Philadelphia, Union League, University Barge and Radnor Hunt clubs. He married, June 11, 1889, Rosalie Eugenia, daughter of the late Bernard Carter, Esq., of Baltimore, who survives him, with their four children: Mrs. Livingston Ludlow Biddle, Captain Edward Law, Lieutenant Bernard Carter Law and Miss Mary Law. During the World War, Mr. Law, because of his age, was not able to enter active service, but was vitally interested in the various enterprises for supporting the government in the struggle, being a member of the National Security League and active in furthering the various Liberty Loan campaigns. His widow was, and still is, chairman of the Philadelphia Navy League, and both sons were in the Army, the eldest as Captain of Infantry, Fourth Division, the youngest as first lieutenant, 21st Field Artillery, Fifth Division. Throughout his life Mr. Law fulfilled the highest standards of duty and proved himself a worthy type of American manhood. A friend, writing of him, thus touched upon his manly excellencies: "I do not think that I ever knew anyone who enjoyed in greater measure the qualities of manliness and gentleness, which are not always found together. Excelling, as he did, in all manly sports that attracted him, he, like his elder brother, was a born leader of men. His strong, virile common sense, mingled with the keenest sense of humor, made him a most delightful companion. To me, as to many more, the years will be drier and dustier now that he has gone."

FRANK SHEPPARD LEISENRING, mechanical engineer, son of William Packer Leisenring by his wife Bertha Kapp, born at Northumberland, Pennsylvania, January 18, 1887, died in October, 1918. His election to this Society, June 8, 1909, was in right of service of his maternal great-great-great-grandfather, Peter Withington (1733-1777), captain in Twelfth Regiment, Pennsylvania Line, under commission of October 1, 1776, dying in service, at Reading, Pennsylvania, May 11, 1777. Educated in the public schools of Harrisburg, the Bordentown Military Institute and the Stevens Institute of Technology, at Hoboken, New Jersey, Mr. Leisenring was graduated at the latter institution, closing a four years' course, with the M.E. degree, in June, 1908, having been a member of the Theta X 6, Gamma Chapter. In 1909 he was superintendent of construction with the J. F. Shanley Company of Newark, New Jersey, and later practiced his profession in New York City, with offices at 42 West Fifty-first Street. His mechanical ability was an

inherited quality, several of his family having made notable contributions to this field of endeavor, none more so than John Leisenring, the organizer and one time president of the Upper Lehigh Coal Company, whose iron bridge work over the Lehigh and Delaware, at Easton, Pennsylvania, is still considered a masterly piece of engineering both in location and construction. At the entrance of the United States into the World War Mr. Leisenring promptly enlisted, was corporal in the Signal Corps and later Inspector of Cable and Wires, North East Department, 1917-1918.

JAY BUCKNELL LIPPINCOTT, member of the J. B. Lippincott Company, publishers, only son of the late Craige Lippincott, president of the firm, by his wife Sally E. Bucknell, died in Philadelphia, March 25, 1920. His election to membership in this Society, February 14, 1899, was in right of service of his great-great-great-grandfather, Isaac Lobdell (1755-1806), private in Captain John Bradford's Company, which marched on the Lexington Alarm from Plympton to Marshfield, Massachusetts, April 19, 1775; and he re-enlisted in the same company, May 2, 1775, serving eight months in the command of Colonel Theophilus Cotton, Plymouth County, Massachusetts Militia. Through this revolutionary patriot Mr. Lippincott descended from two of the Mayflower company of 1620—William Bradford, thirty-one years governor of Plymouth Colony, and Richard Warren, who "bore a deep share in the Difficulties and Troubles of the first settlement of the plantation of New Plymouth." Paternally Mr. Lippincott was descended from Richard Lippincott, who settled in New England about 1640, and subsequently in New Jersey, becoming the founder of the family of his surname in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Born in Philadelphia, February 1, 1872, Mr. Lippincott received his early educational training in the Philadelphia Friends' School, matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania, Class of '92, but left in junior year; was a member of Delta Psi and editor of the *Red and Blue*. He was one of the pioneer polo players of the country. As a member of the Philadelphia Country Club he captured the Polo Association Cup, at Bala, in 1897. Fond of social life, he took a lively interest in horses and was an expert horseman and owned a number of valuable mounts. He was a member of the Society of Mayflower Descendants in Pennsylvania, and the Rittenhouse, Philadelphia Country, Racquet, Radnor Hunt and Huntingdon Valley Country clubs. He married, first, in 1897, Camilla E. Hare, of Washington, D. C., secondly, in September, 1915, Mrs. Mary Ludlow Bogert Huntington, of Flushing, Long Island. His widow, and two daughters by the first marriage, the Misses Priscilla and Camilla Lippincott, survive him. His father, Craige Lippincott, was, at the time of his decease, a member of this Society, as is his uncle, Walter Lippincott.

BENJAMIN OGDEN LOXLEY, civil war veteran, died at Mt. Airy, Pennsylvania, July 21, 1919. Twenty-one years in membership with this organization, his election, October 11, 1898, was in right of service of his great-great-grandfather, Benjamin Loxley (1720-1801), captain of the First Artillery Company of Philadelphia, under Colonel Samuel Mifflin, 1776, which company participated in the Amboy campaign of that year. This Revolutionary officer had fought in the earlier wars, was made lieutenant of artillery in 1756 on the occasion of Braddock's defeat, and was the builder and owner of the Loxley house, which stood in colonial days at the junction of Little Dock and Second Streets, Philadelphia. It was from the balcony of this house that Whitefield is said to have preached. It was also from the Loxley house that Lydia Darragh is said to have started on her memorable walk, to give timely information of the meditated attack upon Washington's army, then, December, 1777, stationed at Whitemarsh. Born at Philadelphia, May 22, 1841, the son of the Rev. Benjamin Reed Loxley by his wife Mary Jackson Hopkins, Mr. Loxley was, by religious inheritance, a Baptist and became a widely known layman of that faith, a trustee and deacon of the First Baptist Church of Philadelphia, and most active in all the work of this church of which his father had been many years the assistant pastor. At the beginning of the Civil War he enlisted, September 15, 1861, in Company B, Fifty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers, rising from first sergeant, March 1, 1862, to first lieutenant, December 23, 1863; mustered out of service and honorably discharged November 25, 1864. Under this service he was elected a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of United States, Pennsylvania Commandery, June 11, 1882. For many years Mr. Loxley was cashier of the Powers and Weightman Company, chemical manufacturers, continuing with their successors when, in 1904, the business was consolidated with that of their former competitors, Rosengarten & Sons, under the name of the Powers-Weightman-Rosengarten Company. He married, first, November 23, 1865, Tacie Ann, daughter of Charles and Mary Morgan Evans, who died January 25, 1884. His second wife was Tacie Stroud, daughter of Charles Morgan, of Wilkes-Barre. His third wife, Grace Rhees, survives him with four children: Charles Evans Loxley and Morris James Loxley, by the first marriage, and Benjamin Rhees Loxley and Romenia Ellis Loxley, by the last marriage.

ANDREW HAMILTON McCLINTOCK, prominent attorney and financier of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, son of Andrew Todd McClintock, LL.D., by his wife Augusta Cist, was born at Wilkes-Barre, December 12, 1852, and died there, October 7, 1919. Twenty-eight years a member of this organization, his election, February 9, 1891, was in right of the service of his great-grandfather, Matthias Hollenbach (1752-1829), of Wilkes-Barre, ensign in Sixth Company, Twenty-fourth Regiment, Colonel

Zebulon Butler's Connecticut Militia, October 17, 1775; ensign in Captain Samuel Ransom's Independent Company of the Wyoming Valley, Pennsylvania, attached to the Connecticut Line, August 26, 1776; was at the battles of Trenton, Princeton, Millstone, Brandywine and the Wyoming Massacre. Subsequently Mr. McClintock filed an additional claim under another great-greandfather, Charles Cist (1738-1805), private in Captain George Esterly's Company, Colonel William Bradford's Battalion of Philadelphia Militia, June 25, 1777, and later Commissioner to sign Continental Currency. Graduating from Princeton University with the Class of '72, receiving the A.M. degree in 1876, Mr. McClintock read law with his father and with E. P. and J. Vaughan Darling of Wilkes-Barre, and was admitted to the Luzerne County bar, January 20, 1876. From that time his life was devoted to the untiring practice of his profession. He represented large corporate interests, financial institutions and local charities, was counsel for the operators in the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission, as well as for several coal companies and railroads. He was president of the Wyoming National Bank, treasurer of the Osterhout Free Library, director and counsel of the Miner's Savings Bank of Wilkes-Barre, a director of the Title Guarantee and Surety Company of Scranton, Pennsylvania, of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, the Lehigh Luzerne Coal Company, the Hollenbach Coal Company and Honeybrook Water Company, a trustee of the Home for Friendless Children, the Harry Hillman Academy, and the First Presbyterian Church of Wilkes-Barre. In politics he was a Democrat. He was a member of the American Bar Association, the Pennsylvania State Bar Association, the Luzerne County Bar Association, the National Geographic Society, the Wyoming Valley Historical and Geological Society, the Swedish Colonial Society of Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania German Society and the Westmoreland, Wyoming Valley Country and Hazleton Country clubs. Mr. McClintock married at Wilkes-Barre, December 1, 1880, Eleanor, daughter of the late Colonel Charles F. Welles, of Athens, Bradford County, Pennsylvania, by his wife Elizabeth La Porte, paternally descended from Governor Thomas Welles of Connecticut, and maternally from Bartholomew La Porte of the French refugee colony at Asylum, Bradford County. Mrs. McClintock survives her husband with their two sons, Andrew Todd McClintock, M.D., and Gilbert Stuart McClintock, Esq., of Wilkes-Barre.

ROBERT POTTER MOLTEN, twenty-five years in membership with this organization, son of Albert Molten of Philadelphia by his wife Elizabeth Cuthbert Potter, was born at Philadelphia, October 6, 1853, and died there September 14, 1919. Educated in the schools of Philadelphia, he entered the Southworth Paper Company at the age of seventeen years, and was throughout his life in the wholesale paper business. For many years he was the senior partner in the firm of Molten and Meunch,

wholesale paper merchants, which firm later became R. P. Molten & Co., and later still the R. P. Molten Paper Company, of which he was president at the time of his decease. In politics he was a Republican. In religious belief he was an Episcopalian and a member of St. Luke's, Germantown, in the churchyard of which he is buried. His retiring disposition was balanced by a rare charm of manner. His stirling honesty of thought and speech was always clear and greatly endeared him to those who knew him well. Owing to years and ill health Mr. Molten took no active part in war service, save in helping financially and by carrying Liberty bonds to the full limit of his ability. His election to membership in this Society, June 11, 1894, was by virtue of the service of his great-grandfather, Michael Moulton, Jr. (1757-1820), of Newport, lieutenant in Second Battalion, Rhode Island Militia, October, 1776; serving also in the Rhode Island Navy. Later Mr. Molten filed an additional claim under the service of another great-grandfather, David Potter (1745-1805), colonel, Second Battalion, Cumberland County, New Jersey Militia, 1776; colonel in Battalion of State Troops, November 27, 1776; appointed brigadier-general of militia February 21, 1777, which position he declined; was captured at the battle of Germantown. Mr. Molten was also in membership with the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the National Geographic Society, and was formerly a member of the Art Club of Philadelphia. He married, in 1879, Alice Tabor, daughter of Joseph Gillingham Brearley, of New Jersey, who survives him. Five of their six children also survive: Helen, wife of Commander A. H. Van Keuren, U. S. N.; Mrs. Harold Atlee Haines; Robert Potter Molten, Jr., Commander U. S. N., chief engineer of "The Baltimore" of the Mine Fleet during the late war; Joseph Gillingham Brearley Molten, lieutenant in Eleventh Aero Squadron, seventeen months over seas and in two major engagements at the front, and Philip Sherman Molten.

JOHN BUCK MORGAN, manufacturer, financier, and thirty years a member of this Society, died at his home, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, June 16, 1919. The son of Charles Eldridge Morgan by his wife Jane Bowen Buck, he was born in Philadelphia, January 10, 1847. Prepared for college in the schools of Germantown, he was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1866, with the degree of A.M. in 1869. During his student days he was class orator, receiving honorable mention for sophomore declamation prize; moderator of Philo; member of the Phi Kappa Sigma fraternity, and of the first cricket team that played Haverford, May 7, 1864. This was the first inter-collegiate game in any branch of sport, and the forerunner of those student activities which are such potent factors in the foundation of friendships, the spirit of loyalty for *Alma Mater* and happy freedom in the out-of-doors life. In after years Mr. Morgan was prominently identified with the manufacturing and financial interests of Philadelphia. He was president of

the Berkshire Manufacturing Co., Limited, and also president of the John Farnum Company, cotton and woolen goods, with manufacturing plants at Frankford and Lancaster, respectively, and offices at 235 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. He was, moreover, a trustee of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, a manager of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, a director of the Provident Life and Trust Company, the Reliance Insurance Company, the Central National Bank, Germantown Trust Company and a manager of the Pennsylvania Hospital. His election to this organization, May 13, 1889, was in right of service of his great-grandfather, Joseph Buck (1758-1803), sergeant in Second Battalion, Second Establishment, New Jersey Line, February, 1777—February, 1779; promoted ensign, February 1, 1779; lieutenant, January, 1781; served to close of war; captain by brevet; member of the New Jersey State Society of the Cincinnati. Mr. Morgan was also a member of the University, Germantown Cricket, Huntingdon Valley Country clubs of Philadelphia and the Merchants' and University clubs of New York. He married, April 30, 1874, Sarah Fisher, daughter of Samuel Fisher Corlies, of Philadelphia, by his wife Caroline Atlee, who survives him with two sons, Fisher Corlies Morgan, a member of this Society, and Samuel Rowland Morgan. A brother, Charles Eldridge Morgan, Jr., Esq., a late member of the Society, died two years since. Randall Morgan, Esq., also a brother, and Marshall Shapleigh Morgan, a nephew, hold membership in the Society.

HERMAN FREYTAG OBERTEUFFER, importer, died at his residence, "Illahee," Haverford, Pennsylvania, November 17, 1919. Twenty-four years a member of this Society, his election, January 15, 1895, was by virtue of the service of his great-great-grandfather, William Moulder (1724-1798), Deputy to the Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania, 1774; and second lieutenant in Captain Thomas Robinson's Company. Fourth Pennsylvania Battalion, under Colonel Anthony Wayne, March 15, 1776. The son of George Herman Oberteuffer, by his wife Sarah Souder Moulder, he was born at Philadelphia, September 15, 1857, and attended Friends' School at Fifteenth and Race Streets, and other private schools in his native city. In 1877, at the age of twenty years, he began his business life in the silk importing house of his father, which had been established by his grandfather, John H. Oberteuffer, at one time Swiss Consul at Philadelphia. In this business he continued until his decease, trading under the firm name of George H. Oberteuffer's Sons. His maternal grandfather, John Nicholson Moulder (1792-1837), who served in the War of 1812, was Assistant Postmaster-General during President Jackson's Administration. Mr. Oberteuffer was a member of the Pennsylvania Society of War of 1812, and, since 1914, served as an alternate delegate to the Biennial Meetings of its General Society. He was also a member of the Merion Cricket Club, the Penn Club of Philadelphia,

and of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He married, in 1883, Mary Perkins, daughter of James E. Fitch, of Washington, D. C., who survives him with four daughters: Mrs. Jervis W. Burdick, Mrs. John C. Whitney Frishmuth, Jr., Mrs. James Morgan Harding of Cleveland, and Miss Dorothea Oberteuffer. In religious belief a Presbyterian, Mr. Oberteuffer was a member of the Bryn Mawr Presbyterian Church. To those of the Society who knew him, the words of Dr. Ross, a former pastor, now of the faculty of the Union Theological Seminary, will seem most fitting: "His gentleness and his love of home, his quiet devotion to the best things, all this and a great deal more attracted us to him."

FRANK PEARSON, real estate broker, more than twenty-one years in membership with this organization, died at his residence, 1911 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, February 9, 1920. The son of Davis Pearson, of Reading and Philadelphia, by his wife Mary Ann Esher, he was born at Philadelphia, April 30, 1861. His election to this Society, May 10, 1898, was by virtue of the service of his great-grandfather, George Esher (1766-1855), drummer in Captain Ezekiel Lett's Company, Colonel William Bradford's First Regiment of Foot, Philadelphia Militia, under enlistment of August 25, 1779. Educated in the schools of his native city and at Eastburn Academy, Mr. Pearson in early manhood became associated with his brother, the late Davis Pearson, also a member of this Society, in the real estate brokerage business, achieving marked success therein. His political allegiance was given to the Republican party, and he took an active interest in the questions and issues of the day. He belonged to various social and business organizations, among them the Union League, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia Country Club. He married, March 30, 1886, Bella W., daughter of Jesse W. Carr, of Pittsburgh, who survives him, as does their only son, Davis Pearson, 3d.

GEORGE MORRIS PHILIPS, LL.D., educator, son of John Morris Philips, of West Chester, Pennsylvania, by his wife Sarah Jones, was born at Atglen, Chester County, October 28, 1851, and died at Philadelphia, March 11, 1920. Nearly twenty-five years a member of this Society, his election thereto, October 14, 1895, was in right of service of his great-grandfather, John Philips (1745-1790), lieutenant in Captain David Philips' Company, Seventh Battalion, Chester County, Pennsylvania Militia, under Colonel William Gibbons, 1777 et seq. Prepared for his academic career in the schools of West Chester, Mr. Philips was graduated A. B. at Bucknell University, Class of '71, being second honor man and delivering the Latin Salutatory. Bucknell conferred upon him the A. M. degree in 1874, the Ph.D. degree in 1884, and Temple University that of LL.D. Intending to make scholarship his life's profession, he was, from 1871 to 1873, professor of Mathematics at Monongahela

College; professor of Higher Mathematics, West Chester State Normal School, 1873-1878; professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Bucknell University, 1878-1881; principal of Pennsylvania State Norman School, at West Chester, 1881-1920. He was also a director of the National Bank of Chester County, since 1890; president of Dime Savings Bank of West Chester; many years a trustee of Bucknell University, and of the Chester County Hospital since 1892; president of the Chester County Historical Society from 1894; president of the Pennsylvania State Teachers Association, 1891; member of the College and University Council of Pennsylvania, 1895-1912, and of the State Commission to codify and revise the school laws of Pennsylvania; member of the State Board of Education, 1911-1914; member of board of managers, Pennsylvania Baptist Educational Society; member of the National Educational Association, vice-president thereof, 1896-1909, member of its council since 1898. He was also a member of the Phi Kappa Psi fraternity; the National Geographic Society, and the West Chester Country Club. A frequent lecturer and instructor at teachers' institutes, he was widely known to science students outside of Pennsylvania by his text books. His joint authorship with the late Dr. Isaac Sharpless of Haverford, produced the Sharpless-Philips series of text books that attracted considerable circulation in high schools throughout the country: "Astronomy," 1882; "Natural Philosophy," 1883. With C. C. Balderston he was co-author of "Key to Philosophy," 1884, and, with Dr. Robert T. Anderson of the State Normal School, at West Chester, co-author of the "Silver-Burdette Arithmetics," 1913. His other publications were: "Civil Government of Pennsylvania," 1893; "Geography of Pennsylvania," 1895; "Nation and State," 1905; "Pennsylvania Geography," 1907; besides many contributions to educational journals. Dr. Philips was the active spirit and principal force in the development of the West Chester State Normal School. He was also the secretary and vitalizing worker on the commission which drafted the present school code, adopted in 1907. An important feature of the code was the provision for a state school fund, which now totals several million dollars and is growing. It has placed the normal schools and all similar institutions in Pennsylvania, except three, under state control. He married, December 27, 1877, Elizabeth Marshall Pyle, by whom he had two children. His only son, William Pyle Philips, Esq., member of the New York bar and of the banking firm of J. W. Seligman & Co., since 1912, is a director in various railway and electric, high power motor and oil refining corporations, with offices in New York City.

JOSEPH ABRAM REED, attorney-at-law, died at Mt. Airy, Pennsylvania, December 22, 1919. His election to this Society, October 13, 1896, was in right of service of his great-great-grandfather, Michael Minnich (1738-1800), second lieutenant in Captain George Null's Company, First Battalion, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Militia, under Colonel

Philip Lorentz Greenawalt, 1776-1777. The son of John Philip Reed, Esq., of the Bedford County bar, by his wife Lucinda, daughter of Isaac Mengel, Joseph Abram Reed was born July 9, 1847, in the little mountain town of Schellsburg, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, which was also the birthplace of his father and had been founded by his paternal great-grandfather, John Schell. After preliminary educational training, Mr. Reed attended the Bedford Academy, and this was followed by attendance at Mercersburg College, Pennsylvania. Here he delivered the valedictory oration and entered Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1870, with the A. B. degree, receiving the A. M. degree in 1873. While in college he was an active member of the Diagnothian Literary Society, showing marked ability as a speaker. Subsequently he studied law, at the Columbia Law School, New York City, and was admitted to the practice thereof in the Supreme Court of New York, in 1873. His professional career began in New York City in the law office of his brother, John Philip Reed, with whom he remained until 1877, when he removed to Philadelphia. In Philadelphia he specialized in commercial, corporation and real estate law, though a successful trial lawyer as well, with a personality and aptitude as a speaker that made him a convincing advocate before a jury. Inheriting a keen legal perception, he showed marked discernment in adapting the law to facts, which, reinforced by a trained mind, made his judgment most sound. Much interested in building associations in their earlier days, Mr. Reed secured the charter for the well-known Resolute Building and Loan Association of Philadelphia, and was continued as its solicitor for forty years. In politics a Democrat, he held steadfastly to the principles of his forefathers. His father, John P. Reed, and grandfather, Hon. Michael Reed, having been, in their day, leaders in the old school Democracy of their mountain region. In the earlier years of his professional life in Philadelphia, though not in politics as an office seeker, he served as chairman of his Ward Committee, and for a number of years attended the State Conventions of his party, being, in 1878, a candidate for the Legislature. Later he took an active part in the organization of the Municipal League, and rendered efficient service in a number of convincingly forcible speeches, also acting in an advisory capacity. Mr. Reed's religious convictions were likewise inherited. Indeed, loyalty was perhaps his dominant characteristic, and this is nowhere more clearly shown than in his allegiance to the Reformed Church of his fathers. For forty years he was a member of the Consistory of Christ Reformed Church of Philadelphia, first as a deacon, then as an elder; and was at all times vitally interested in the development of the Sunday School. In his youth he actively engaged in athletic sports, but, as the years lengthened, his pursuits were mainly those connected with his home and his profession. "His home was the central interest of his life," and it was there that the charm and beauty of his character

had their best setting. "He was a lover of music and books, fond of poetry and nature, a delightful conversationalist, unfailing in courtesy, solicitous of the interests of others, helpful in his words of counsel to the young, who felt his real concern for their welfare—a champion of high ideals." He married, in Philadelphia, December 23, 1873, Leila Josephine, daughter of Henry C. Wentz, of Lancaster and Philadelphia, who survives him with four of their five children: Clarence H. Reed, Esq., and the Misses Leila, Josephine and Lucinda Wentz Reed of Mt. Airy.

WILL LINCOLN SHINDEL, M.D., one of the leading physicians of Sunbury, Pennsylvania, died at his home on the Susquehanna, in that city, October 26, 1919, thus ending a life-span of little more than a half century of years, but marked by a multitude of activities, followed by an unequal struggle with bodily ailments. The son of Daniel W. Shindel, M.D., by his wife Sarah Elizabeth Irwin, he was born at Sunbury, January 7, 1867. Securing his preliminary education in the public schools of his native city, he adopted, in his young manhood, the profession of journalism. A reporter and City Editor of the Sunbury *Dispatch* from 1886 to 1888, he was City Editor of the Shamokin *Dispatch* in the two following years. During his newspaper career he gained considerable distinction, and in connection with his local work, was a staff correspondent of several prominent city journals. While thus engaged he studied medicine under his father, subsequently taking a three years' course at the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia, from which he was graduated, M.D., in 1893. He immediately began the practice of his profession with his father and met with eminent success both as a physician and surgeon. From the foundation of the Mary M. Packer Hospital, at Sunbury, Dr. Shindel served as a member of its surgical staff and was an untiring worker in promoting the usefulness of that institution. He was also a member of the Sunbury Board of Health, directing for a number of years the affairs of that body as president. During the influenza epidemic which swept the country in 1918, while acting in that capacity, he worked night and day in charge of the emergency hospital, and was never again able to actively follow his profession. He was a member of and, at one time, president of the Sunbury Board of Education; president of the Northumberland County Medical Society; physician of the Northumberland County Prison; surgeon of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company; a member of the Lycoming County Medical Society; the State and National Medical Associations, and president of the Alumni Association of the Medical Department of the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia. Besides his acknowledged professional attainments, Dr. Shindel was a versatile writer of prose and verse, and for a year, at least, was associate editor of *The Gossip*, a local monthly magazine. Of pronounced opinions, always ready to vigorously defend his stand on all questions, economic or political, his loyalty to the Republican party, with which he affiliated himself in early youth, was

unswerving. He was twice elected coroner of Northumberland County, took a leading part in borough and county politics, following zealously both state and national issues. Practical in daily affairs, he was by nature philosophic and poetic, well read and a lover of nature. It was this combination which led him to build his home facing the broad waters of the Susquehanna. His greatest pride was in his Revolutionary ancestry, and in the part which his family had taken in the various wars with which this country has been engaged. Immediately following the declaration of war between the United States and Germany, he offered his services to the country, but was rejected because of the age limit. He found, however, abundant opportunity to do his share of war work in the home field. His membership in this Society was greatly appreciated by him, and he made every effort to attend its stated meetings. His election thereto, February 14, 1905, was in right of service of his great-great-grandfather, John Peter Shindel (1766-1829), fife-major in Eighth Battalion, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Militia. Dr. Shindel was also in membership with the Masonic fraternity, Sunbury Lodge No. 22, F. and A. M., of which he was past master; Northumberland Chapter, No. 174, R. A. M.; was past-commander of Mt. Hermon Commandery, No. 85, Knights Templar; and a member of the Pennsylvania German Society. He was, moreover, one of the organizers of the Ruffled Grouse Club, of Sunbury. Surviving him of his immediate family are: his wife, Louisa (Clark) Shindel, and one son, Daniel Shindel, a student at Franklin and Marshall College. The minute of appreciation passed by the Mary M. Parker Hospital staff said in part: "A faithful, conscientious physician, and untiring worker, he had that about him which always brought cheer into the sick room, and the Doctor's hour was always a bright spot in the days of those unfortunate sufferers who received his tender ministrations. Nothing was too much trouble, nothing was too much effort. . . . . In all that pertained to the good of his chosen profession, to its advancement and its benefit, he was an ardent advocate and strong supporter, and his going has left a gap in our ranks that can never be adequately filled." Two of the three verses of Dr. Shindel's poem "When the Tide is Low," give a glimpse of the real man:

Some time at eve, when the tide is low,
I shall slip my mooring and sail away
Through purple shadows that darkly trail
O'er the ebbing tide of the unknown sea.
I shall fare me away, with a dip of sail,
And a ripple of waters to tell the tale
Of a lonely voyage, sailing away
To mystic isles, where at anchor lay
The craft of those who have sailed before,
O'er the unknown sea to the unknown shore.

A few who have watched me sail away
Will miss my craft from the busy bay;
Some friendly barks that were anchored near,
Some loving souls that my heart held dear,
In silent sorrow will drop a tear;
But I shall have peacefully furled my sail
In moorings sheltered from storm and gale,
And greeted the friends who have sailed before
O'er the unknown sea to the unknown shore.

PERSIFOR FRAZER SMITH, iron merchant, son of Persifor Frazer Smith, Esq., by his wife Thomasine Susan Fairlamb, was born at West Chester, Pennsylvania, April 1, 1849, and died at Allegheny, in the same state, September 15, 1918. More than twenty-three years a member of this Society, his election, February 11, 1895, was by right of service of his great-grandfather, Persifor Frazer (1736-1792), delegate to the Provincial Convention of Pennsylvania, January 23, 1775; captain of First Company, January 5, 1776; promoted major, to rank from September 24, 1776, Fourth Pennsylvania Battalion, under Colonel Anthony Wayne; lieutenant-colonel, Fifth Regiment, March 12, 1777, to rank from October 4, 1776, Pennsylvania Line; taken prisoner in the retreat from Brandywine, September 12, 1777, and confined in the Philadelphia jail; escaped March 17, 1778; commanded a brigade at the battle of Monmouth; resigned October 9, 1778; was Commissoner of Purchases for Chester County, Pennsylvania, April 1, 1780; brigadier-general, Pennsylvania Militia, May 25, 1782, to close of the war. Mr. Smith filed an additional claim under the services of another great-grandfather, Robert Smith (1720-1803), delegate to the Pennsylvania Constitutional Convention of 1776; captain, First Battalion, Chester County, Pennsylvania Militia, 1776; appointed to construct the defences at Billingsport, 1776-1777; lieutenant of Chester County, with the rank of colonel, March 12, 1777. Receiving his early education in the public and private schools of his native town, Mr. Smith passed from them to Wyer's Military Academy, at which he was graduated. In April, 1865, he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the capacity of rodman, and by industry and ability steadily advanced to the position of superintendent of the Bedford Division. This position he resigned in April, 1880, to accept the presidency of the Wellsville Plate and Sheet Iron Company, Wellsville, Ohio, and, during the following twenty years, was successfully associated with the great industry with which his name was thenceforth to be inseparably connected. At the formation of the American Sheet Steel Company, in May, 1900, the Wellsville Company was absorbed therein and Mr. Smith became the manager of the W. De Wees Wood Department of the American Sheet Steel Company, later known as the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company. In 1906 he retired from active

participation in the business world, where so long he had been recognized as in that inner circle of those concerns and financial interests which have most largely contributed to the growth and prosperity of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. A man of prompt decisions and actions, rather than words; of remarkable business talents and untiring energy, he demonstrated his public spirit by an unfailing responsiveness to every project for civic improvement and was widely but unostentatiously charitable. Mr. Smith was a Republican in politics, was affiliated with the Masonic fraternity and belonged to the Pittsburgh, Duquesne and Allegheny Country clubs. He married, December 3, 1873, Laura Gilpin, daughter of W. De Wees and Rosalind (Gilpin) Wood, of Pittsburgh, and granddaughter of Alan Wood, of Philadelphia, who predeceased him by a few months. Two daughters survive him: Rosalind Wood, wife of Richard Hallett Meredith Robinson, naval constructor, of New York City, and Laura Gilpin, wife of George S. Oliver, of Pittsburgh.

GEORGE ALBERT SMYTH, attorney-at-law and life member of this Society, died at Spring Lake, New Jersey, August 3, 1919, as the result of an automobile accident. A son of the late Isaac Scott Smyth, by his wife Catherine Comegys Mason, he was born at Germantown, Philadelphia, January 15, 1873. Prepared for college at the Germantown Academy he entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1889, and was graduated A. B. in 1893. Studying law in the University Law School, he received the L.L.B. degree in 1896. During student days he was a member of the Philomathean Society and the Sharswood Law and Hollingsworth Law clubs. Admitted to practice in the courts of Philadelphia, he became widely known in legal and business circles. In addition to his law practice he was secretary of the Young-Smyth-Field Company, of which his father was one of the organizers in 1869, as successors to David Young & Company, who established, in 1842, what later became the extensive business in wholesale notions. In religious belief Mr. Smyth was a Methodist, a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Germantown, deeply interested in its Sunday School and teacher of a Bible Class. His election to this organization, December 14, 1916, was in right of service of his great-great-grandfather, Cornelius Comegys (1758-184–), private in Captain Isaac Perkins' Company, Kent County, Maryland Militia, under enlistment of July 4, 1776; who served in the army in various capacities until the British evacuated Philadelphia, when he received an appointment of clerkship in the Treasury Department of the infant Republic, and was assigned to the duty of preparing and signing the Continental currency. Mr. Smyth was also a member of the Union League and the Meridian Club. He married Adelaide Munhall, of Germantown, who survives him, with one son and four daughters: George Albert Smyth, Jr., and the Misses Mary Adelaide, Ella

Gillmore, Elizabeth Munhall and Martha Jane Smyth. His brothers, Calvin Mason Smyth, president of the Young-Smyth-Field Company, and Isaac Scott Smyth, Jr., vice-president of that company, are also members of this Society.

GEORGE STEINMAN, hardware merchant, son of the late George Michael Steinman by his wife Elizabeth Frederica Meyer, was born at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, February 17, 1847, and died there after a short illness, March 31, 1920. Educated at Beck's Academy, Lititz, Pennsylvania, he later entered the hardware store of his father, George M. Steinman & Co., at Lancaster, eventually becoming a member of the firm, and continuing his connection with it until 1900, when the business was taken over by the Steinman Hardware Company. Four generations of Steinmans in direct descent, expanded this business, from the small beginnings of 1781, to one of the largest and most opulent hardware houses in the country. Mr. Steinman was a noted collector and antiquarian, widely informed on local historical matters, and was one of the organizers of the Lancaster County Historical Society, of which he was the first president and served as such from 1896 until 1917. A versatile writer, he was a frequent contributor to the publications of the Society and sedulously sought to advance its prestige and influence. By religious inheritance a Moravian, he was a member of the Moravian Church of Lancaster and most loyal to the faith and practice of the *Unitas Fratrum*. Socially inclined, he was one of the best known men in Lancaster, and, in his younger days, was very prominent in the city's social circles. His election to this Society, November 12, 1907, was in right of service of his great-grandfather, Jacob Krug (1750-1817), captain in Colonel Matthias Slough's Battalion of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Associators, forming part of the Flying Camp, 1776; also captain in Colonel Jacob Glotz's Battalion, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania Militia, October 25, 1777. He was also a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Masonic fraternity and the Hamilton Club of Lancaster, of which he was an organizer. Unmarried, Mr. Steinman is survived by a sister, Sarah Meyer, wife of Captain George M. Franklin of Lancaster.

WILLIAM HENRY STURDEVANT, twenty-seven years in membership with this Society, died October 10, 1919, at his home in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, where, for more than sixty years, he had been one of its most respected civil engineers and most active in municipal and county business. The youngest son of John Sturdevant, Esq., by his wife Sarah Fassitt, he was born in Braintrem township, near Wyalusing, Wyoming County, Pennsylvania, September 4, 1837. Acquiring a practical education in the common schools and Wyoming Seminary, he, in 1857, accompanied his father to Wilkes-Barre, and, with him, followed the

profession of civil engineering and as land agent until the death of the latter in 1879. It might be said that Mr. Sturdevant's profession was a birthright. His father, John Sturdevant, was an engineer, coal agent, land agent, member of the State Legislature in 1839 and 1855, merchant and financier in Wyoming County, and it was with him that the son acquired his most substantial training. In his long and successful career Mr. Sturdevant did much for the advancement of the Wyoming Valley in an engineering sense. For fourteen years, from its incorporation in 1871, he served painstakingly as city engineer of Wilkes-Barre and had given previous years of service as county engineer. He was chief engineer for the old Wilkes-Barre Water Company and one of its directors. His ability and energy were, concededly, big factors in the planning and construction of the large dams of that company, which was later taken over by the present Spring Brook Water Supply Company. He served also as chief engineer for the Wilkes-Barre & Wyoming Valley Traction Company, the parent company of the present Wilkes-Barre Railway Company; and in that capacity he worked assiduously to extend the net work of traction lines throughout the Wyoming Valley. Close to a half century of professional life Mr. Sturdevant served as engineer for several railroads and coal companies, as well as for owners of private lands and coal tracts. Following his retirement from engineering activities, some six or more years since, his business has been continued under the firm name of the Sturdevant Engineering Company. His election to this Society, March 9, 1891, was by right of service of his great-grandfather, Asa Stevens (1734-1778), lieutenant of militia at Wyoming Massacre, Pennsylvania, where he was killed July 3, 1778. Mr. Sturdevant filed additional claims under the services of his great-grandfather, Rev. Samuel Sturdevant (1740-1828), private in the Connecticut Militia and Line, 1775-1777; and that of Ebenezer Skinner (1731-1804), private in Captain Robert Durkee's Independent Company of the Wyoming Valley, Pennsylvania, attached to the Connecticut Line, 1776-1778. Mr. Sturdevant was also a member of the Wyoming Historical and Geological Society, and of the Free and Accepted Masons, Lodge No. 61, in which fraternal organization he for many years took an active interest. He married, in 1874, Mary Letitia, daughter of Jesse Thomas and granddaughter of Charles Miner, the "Historian of Wyoming," who died in 1918. His only immediate survivors are: a daughter, Miss Jesse Thomas Sturdevant, and a son, Thomas Kirkbride Sturdevant, Princeton graduate and member of the firm of Sturdevant & Foster, local architects.

ETHELBERT WATTS, diplomat, died at the University Hospital, Philadelphia, July 13, 1919, after twenty-four years of continuous activity in the consular service of the United States. His election to this Society, April 14, 1896, some twenty-three years ago, was in right of service of his great-grandfather, Henry Miller (1751-1824), first lieutenant in

Captain Michael Doudle's Company, Colonel William Thompson's Pennsylvania Battalion of Riflemen, June 25, 1775; promoted captain of same, October 15, 1775; captain, January 1, 1776; promoted major, March 12, 1777, to rank from September 28, 1776, First Regiment; promoted lieutenant-colonel and transferred to Second Regiment, July 1, 1778, to rank from March 1, 1777, Pennsylvania Line; resigned December 8, 1778; was at siege of Boston and the engagements of Long Island, White Plains, Trenton, Princeton, Brandywine, Germantown and Monmouth; was a member of the Pennsylvania State Society of the Cincinnati. Another great-grandfather, Frederick Watts, was colonel of Seventh Battalion, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania Militia, 1777, et seq., and promoted brigadier-general in 1782. The second son of Henry Miller Watts, United States Minister to Austria, by his wife Anna Maria Schoenberger, Ethelbert Watts was born in Philadelphia, February 25, 1845. He was educated in the preliminary schools of Paris, afterwards at the University of Pennsylvania, and finally at the Royal Saxon School of Mines, Freiberg, Saxony. At the age of seventeen he left the University, then in the third term junior year, and enlisted as private in Company D, Twenty-second Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, serving three months when Lee invaded Pennsylvania. Later he spent several years abroad in study, after which he returned to Philadelphia and was, for some time, engaged in the iron business in which his father had extensive interests. In March, 1896, he entered the consular service of the United States, his first post being that at Horgen, Switzerland. From Switzerland he was appointed, in the next year, vice and deputy consul-general at Cairo, Egypt, where he was in charge during the Spanish-American war. While there he rendered important service in preventing the Spanish fleet, under Admiral Camara, from coaling at Port Said, before hurrying through the Suez Canal to attack Admiral Dewey's fleet at Manilla, which vigorous action resulted in the fleet being ordered back to Spain. Before leaving this post, he was decorated by the Khedive with the Order of Osmanieh. During the next two years he was consul at Kingston, Jamaica, and from there went to Prague, Bohemia. While at Prague he accepted the important position of consul-general at St. Petersburg, now Petrograd. Here he lived, 1903-1907, in the midst of stirring and dangerous times, and in recognition of his services in protecting Japanese interests in Russia, during the Russo-Japanese war, he was decorated by the Emperor of Japan with the Order of the Rising Sun and with that of the Sacred Treasure. From April, 1907-1917, he was consul-general at Brussels, Belgium. Both before and after the German occupation of the city, Mr. Watts was instrumental in protecting the interests of American citizens, as well as representing and caring for British and Japanese interests and those of other belligerents. What he accomplished in that post was much appreciated by the home government. When the United States entered the

war all consular offices in Belgium were discontinued, and Mr. Watts was ordered home. He was acting-consul at Halifax, Nova Scotia, in December, 1917, when the vessel loaded with munitions exploded in the harbor, razing a large section of the city, wrecking the consular offices and endangering his life, which was saved as by a miracle. In May, 1918, he was appointed consul-general at Hamilton, Bermuda, where he was most acceptable to the British authorities. His health began to fail while at this post, and, obtaining leave of absence, he returned to his native city, in April, 1919. He was for many years the secretary of the Philadelphia Club and, notwithstanding his long absence abroad, was widely known in club and social circles. An Episcopalian by religious faith, a Republican in politics, he was, in all things, a gentleman. In 1871 Mr. Watts married Emily, daughter of the elder William Pepper, M.D., of Philadelphia, by his wife Sarah Platt. Four children of this marriage survive him: Mrs. Clark Mellen, of Pelham Manor, New York; Miss Marian Watts, of Washington, D. C.; Henry Miller Watts, of Ogontz, and Captain William Carlton Watts, U. S. N., who during the late war was executive officer of the Battleship "Michigan." In 1895 Mr. Watts married Katharine, daughter of William H. Gregg, also of Philadelphia, who survives him, with two children: Mrs. Theodosius Stevens, of New York, and Ethelbert Watts, Jr. A brother, William Meredith Watts, who died in 1899, was an early member of this Society, while another brother, Charles Alfred Watts, is among the new members of the past year.

JAMES DALE WILSON, attorney-at-law, son of Thomas Howard Wilson, by his wife Elizabeth Dale, was born at Lewisburg, Union County, Pennsylvania, April 18, 1850, and died at Williamsport, in the same state, November 10, 1919. Twenty-seven years in membership with this Society, his election thereto, October 10, 1892, was in right of service of his great-great-grandfather, Samuel Dale (1741-1804), captain of Fourth Company, Second Battalion, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania Associators, under commission of January 24, 1776; member of Pennsylvania Assembly 1776-1779, et seq., and later of the State Senate. Several of his colonial progenitors on the distaff side, Samuel Dale, Samuel Futhey, Samuel and Ninian Steele, were of Scotch Irish lineage and settlers in Chester County, Pennsylvania, before 1750. With liberal preliminary educational advantages at Lewisburg, Mr. Wilson completed his academic career at Bucknell University, and was a member of its chapter of the Theta Delta Chi fraternity. Later he read law in the offices of the Hon. Charles S. Wolfe, and, after being admitted to practice in the Union County bar, became a member of the law firm of Wolfe, Leiser and Wilson. In 1882 he removed to Philadelphia and there practiced his profession for some years. From 1897 until his decease he resided at Williamsport, and was largely engaged in the real estate

business. In religious affiliations Mr. Wilson was a Presbyterian, and in political belief and association a Republican. Active in fraternal orders, he was Past-Master of the Masonic Lodge at Lewisburg and a member of Lodge No. 380, Free and Accepted Masons, of Philadelphia. He was also a member of the Union League of Philadelphia and of other social and professional organizations. In 1883 he married Mary Beck Smith, of Williamsport, who survives him, as does a daughter, Miss Margaret Smith Wilson, and a son, William Butler Beck Wilson, of Williamsport.

LEWIS WYNNE WISTER, widely known in fire insurance and financial circles, died at Germantown, Philadelphia, June 16, 1919. Twenty-two years in membership with this Society, his election May 11, 1897, was in recognition of the services of his great-great-grandfather, Mordecai Lewis (1748-1799), of Philadelphia, who served in the Pennsylvania Militia, as early as November 25, 1775, on which date he was disciplined by the Orange Street Meeting of Friends in Philadelphia for such service, and two months later had a "testimony of dismission" issued against him; he was invested by Congress with authority to sign Bills of Credit, under acts of July 25, 1775, December 11, 1775, and March 9, 1776. Subsequently Mr. Lewis was senior partner in the firm, Mordecai Lewis & Co., importers, the other member being William Bingham, one of the most distinguished men of his day in the Quaker City. The son of Alexander Wilson Wister, also a member of this Society, by his wife Susan A. Wilson, Lewis Wynne Wister was born at Germantown, January 21, 1864, descending paternally from the family of his surname founded by John Wister, who, coming from Hilspach, near Heidelberg on the Rhine, settled in Philadelphia, in 1727, purchasing land on Market Street, west of Third. Obtaining his early education in the schools of Germantown, he was graduated A. B. at the University of Pennsylvania, Class of 1885, of which he was class president, freshman year; spoonman; member of class record committee and of Zeta Psi fraternity. Upon leaving the University he engaged in the lumber business and was, at the time of his decease, president of the Wister-Heberton Company, lumber, of Germantown. Active in fire insurance business he was associated, with his father, in the firm of Alexander W. Wister & Sons, insurance, 414 Walnut Street, Philadelphia. He was also vice-president of the Saving Society of Germantown and Its Vicinity; a director of the Bank of Commerce; a warden of Calvary Episcopal Church, Germantown; trustee of the Germantown Cricket Club, and a member of the University Club and Union League of Philadelphia. His wife, Elizabeth Wolcott, daughter of the late Thomas Charlton Henry of Philadelphia, survives him. Their only son, Captain L. Casper Wister, U. S. A., served in the training camp at Chicamauga, Tennessee, during the late war.

WILLIAM NEWELL YEATON, son of William Hopley Yeaton of Lubec, Maine, and Philadelphia, by his wife Mary A. Walton, was born at Camden, New Jersey, January 14, 1849, and died at Germantown, September 28, 1919. His election to this Society, May 10, 1910, was by right of service of his great-grandfather, Hopley Yeaton (1737-1812), of Kittery, Maine, who served as lieutenant on the Continental frigates "Raleigh" and "Deane," 1775-1777; after the war Lieutenant Yeaton was commissioned captain in the United States Revenue Cutter Service, March 21, 1791. At his father's death in 1866, Mr. Yeaton, then scarcely eighteen years of age, left school to take upon himself the support of his family, becoming first a salesman, and, from 1882 to 1902, a manufacturer of gas fixtures. From 1902 until his death he was engaged in the insurance business. His political allegiance was given to the Republican party; his religious faith, since 1897, was that of the Episcopal Church, of which he was a communicant. A Civil War veteran, having served in his sixteenth year, he was a member of Post No. 2, of the Grand Army of the Republic. Confined to his home by failing health, some eighteen months preceding his decease, Mr. Yeaton made, from his sick room, his last patriotic effort, and, by correspondence, sought to increase the sale of Liberty Bonds. He is said to have been very successful in this effort. His fraternal connections were with Lodge No. 51, Free and Accepted Masons, and Signet Chapter, No. 251, Royal Arch Masons, of Philadelphia. He was known as a generous, sympathetic, practical man, illustrating in his life the cardinal virtues of truth, honesty and unselfishness. Although a man of strong domestic feelings, he never married; he is survived by two unmarried sisters.

GEORGE J. ZIEGLER, 3d, son of Henry Smith Ziegler by his wife Frances H. Forepaugh, was born at Atlantic City, New Jersey, July 21, 1890, and died at his father's residence, in Philadelphia, June 27, 1919. His election to this Society, January 9, 1912, was by right of service of his great-great-great-grandfather, Algernon Roberts (1751-1815), of Merion, lieutenant in First Battalion, Philadelphia County Militia; was at Perth Amboy and at Bergen, New Jersey, August 8-September 8, 1776; was lieutenant-colonel Seventh Battalion, Philadelphia County Militia, in 1777, under Colonel Isaac Warner, of Blockley, who, after the Revolution, became his father-in-law. Educated in the public schools of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, and in Pierce's Business College, Philadelphia, Mr. Ziegler in early manhood identified himself with the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, continuing therewith until death severed his promising career. His years were not many, but his unassuming, modest demeanor endeared him alike to his family, his many friends and business associates. His activity in athletic sports was full of the zest that only those who love them can know. It however resulted in an impairment of health, which prevented the

acceptance by the government of his proffered military service at the entrance of the United States into the World War, and materially shortened his life. His political views were in accord with the Republican party. In religious conviction he was a Presbyterian and a member of the Bryn Mawr Church of that faith. He was unmarried. His father, Henry Smith Ziegler, and a brother, Henry Smith Ziegler, Jr., are also in membership with this Society.

Respectfully submitted,

Louis S. Ramatt.

Chairman.

On motion the report was accepted and filed.

The report of the treasurer was read as follows:

FRANK BATTLES, Treasurer

in account with

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY OF SONS OF THE REVOLUTION

Year ended March 31, 1920

ANNUAL REPORT

CASH RECEIPTS	General Fund	Permanent Fund	Wayne Monument Fund
To Balance on hand April 3, 1919	$73.56	$402.75	$173.94
To Annual Dues	3,651.78		
To Annual Dues refunded	13.00		
To Interest on Deposits	65.74		2.00
To Interest on Investments	154.34	1,162.05	170.00
To Church Service Account from Horace Magee Memorial Fund		314.94	
To Evacuation Day	231.50		
To Washington's Birthday Reception	15.00		
To Sale of Flag Book	3.00		
To Addressograph Account	12.78		
To Return of Temporary Loan made to General Fund, March 26, 1919		100.00	
To Initiation Fees (18 members)		180.00	
To Life Membership (29 members)		1,445.00	
To Endowed Membership (1 member)		100.00	
To Transfer from Permanent Fund, Church Service from Horace Magee Memorial Fund	314.94		
To Transfer from Permanent Fund, Interest on Investments	1,162.05		
TOTALS	$5,697.69	$3,704.74	$345.94

78 Members including delinquents and exempt: total due $453.00

6 Members paid since closing of books $22.00

CASH PAYMENTS	General Fund	Permanent Fund	Wayne Monument Fund
By Annual Meeting, 1919	$342.55		
By Evacuation Day, 1919	607.77		
By Church Service, 1919	410.58		
By Washington's Birthday Reception	737.83		
By Publication of Proceedings	685.00		
By Treasurer's Expenses	100.00		
By Secretary's Expenses (Mr. George C. Gillespie)	381.10		
By Registrar's Expenses	1.00		
By Refund Annual Dues	13.00		
By New Headquarters, 224 S. 15th Street	474.99		
By Board of Managers	27.10		
By Printing	560.63		
By Postage and Stationery	259.23		
By Addressograph Account	60.75		
By Assessment to General Society	273.50		
By Investment—4th Liberty Loan 4¼ Bond given by George Allen Chandler for life membership.		50.00	
By Miscellaneous Expenses	323.61		
By Temporary Loan to General Fund	100.00		
By Transfer to General Fund, Church Service, from Horace Magee Memorial Fund		314.94	
By Transfer to General Fund, Interest on Investments		1,162.05	
TOTAL PAYMENTS	$5,358.64	$1,526.99	
By Cash Balance of $2,862.74 at March 31, 1920, in the Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities	339.05	2,177.75	345.94
TOTALS	$5,697.69	$3,704.74	$345.94

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY OF SONS OF THE REVOLUTION

CONDITION OF FUNDS

At March 31, 1920

ASSETS	Par Value of Securities	General Fund	Permanent Fund	Wayne Monument Fund
Cash Balance in The Pennsylvania Co..		$339.05	$2,177.75	$345.94
Mortgage 1310 S. Paxon St., at 5.4%..	$1,600.00		1,600.00	
Mortgage 1312 S. Paxon St., at 5.4%	1,600.00		1.600.00	
Lehigh Valley Railroad General Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds 4% due 2003, $5,000 at 75.....	5,000.00		3,750.00	
Pennsylvania Railroad Co. General Mortgage 4½% bonds, due 1965, $3,000 at 79½.....	3,000.00		2,385.00	
City of Philadelphia 3½% loan, due 1934, $5,000 at 91.....	5,000.00		4,550.00	
Philadelphia Traction Co. guaranteed stock of 8%, 56 shares at 59.....	2,800.00		3,304.00	
City of Philadelphia 3½% loan due 1931-34, $4,000 at 91.....	4,000.00			3,640.00
Philadelphia Traction Co. guaranteed stock 8%, 40 shares at 59.....	2,000.00			2,360.00
Electric & Peoples Traction stock trust certificates, guaranteed 4%, $4,500 at 61.....	4,500.00			2,745.00
Reading Co. General Mortgage Gold Bonds 4% due 1997, $3,000 at 78..	3,000.00			2,340.00
Lehigh and New England General Mortgage 5% bond, due 1954, $1,000 at 92.....	1,000.00			920.00
Second Liberty Loan converted 4¼% bonds.....	3,000.00		2,500.00	500.00
Third Liberty Loan, 4¼% bonds.....	3,500.00		3,000.00	500.00
Fourth Liberty Loan, 4¼% bonds....	5,500.00		5,050.00	500.00
	$45,550.00	$339.05	$29,916.75	$13,850.94

Note 1: Income on Wayne Monument, collected by The Pennsylvania Company, but not reported at closing of books, $531.60.

Note 2: Office furniture at Headquarters is not listed above.

Note 3: Liberty bonds are listed above at face value.

On motion the report was accepted and directed to be printed with the Annual Proceedings.

The President: There came into my possession to-day a manuscript entitled "History of the Color Guard of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution". The name of the author is not known to me; I think Colonel Franklin knows something about it. I read it with much interest, and it seems to me that it would be fitting for you to commit it to the Board of Managers, with the recommendation that it be printed in our forthcoming Proceedings. The Color Guard is the right arm of the Society, and has ever been most helpful to us. Its organization, growth, and doings have been interesting, and their record should be preserved. I regard it important that this history should appear in our Proceedings that it may be known to members of this Society in various parts of the State, who, on account of distance, seldom meet with us. They know we have a Color Guard and hear of it, and I believe they would like to know its history.

Mr. Gillespie: I think it would be interesting to publish the "History of the Color Guard". Mr. Leverett is its Historian, and compiled this brief history. It would also be interesting if the Society could afford to have illustrations of the flags and perhaps a few episodes where the Color Guards took part, of which we have photographs.

The President: If some one will make a motion the matter will be referred to the Board of Managers.

Mr. Gillespie: I move that the publication of the History of the Color Guard be referred to the Board of Managers with power to act.

The motion was duly seconded and unanimously carried.

The President: The Colonial Dames of America, Chapter 2, of Philadelphia, are to dedicate and have a service of dedication of flags at the Cathedral foundation of the Diocesan Church of St. Mary, at Broad and South Streets, on April 18th, at four o'clock. I am told that the Society would be very pleased to have any or all members of our Society present at such dedication.

Major Steinmetz: I might suggest this thought to the meeting, that we should do better than gain one member per annum. Now that the war is over, and we are back to things of a peaceful nature, I think we ought to add one hundred members a year. One is nothing, and if you would in your circular letter that goes to the Society membership, bring that out in a para-

graph, that we invite the members, each member addressed, to do his best to get his next of kin or some friend into the Society, it would help us very much. We need members, it seems to me, because it would be a real disaster if that Annual Report showed a loss, and it came very near showing a loss this year.

Doctor Leidy: I simply wish to state I am in hearty accord with the remarks of the gentleman who just spoke. I am also delighted to hear that from his standpoint the war is over. I think for that very reason, the war now being over, it is very essential and important we should make every possible effort to increase the membership of this organization. You may remember before we entered the war I think I was responsible for a resolution at one meeting of this Society endorsing universal military service. You see what has become of that. It has been pigeon-holed. It remains for organizations such as this to uphold what we have been fighting for for the last three or four years. (Applause).

The President: Referring to the remarks of Major Steinmetz, I suggest that he has not taken into consideration one vital fact. When the Society was organized it was largely composed of men of nature years, and many who have since joined were well advanced in life, with the result that our death toll has been very large. Since this Society was formed we have lost over six hundred members by death—a startling number. When an organization such as this is, attains to a membership of nearly one thousand one hundred members, to hold its own is doing well. Nevertheless, gentlemen, we can do better, and to this end I now constitute each member of this Society a recruiting officer, and earnestly urge that all members will take to heart the matter of increasing our membership. There is not one among you all but who knows one, two, or three persons eligible for membership, who would be pleased to be invited to unite with us.

The next business in order is the election of officers, delegates and alternates. I will now receive nominations.

Mr. Boger: Chairman of the Nominating Committee. I present the following names:

President

COLONEL JOSIAH GRANVILLE LEACH

Vice-Presidents

HON. CHARLEMAGNE TOWER, LL. D.
RT. REV. JAMES HENRY DARLINGTON, D.D., LL.D.
HON. NORRIS STANLEY BARRATT, LL. D.
CHARLES CUSTIS HARRISON, LL.D.
COLONEL ASHER MINER, U. S. A.

Secretary
GOUVERNEUR CADWALADER

Treasurer
FRANK BATTLES

Registrar
JOHN WOOLF JORDAN, LL.D.

Historian
EDWARD STALKER SAYRES

Chaplain
REV. GEORGE WOOLSEY HODGE, S.T.D.

Managers
STANLEY GRISWOLD FLAGG, JR.
JOHN ARMSTRONG HERMAN
HON. JOHN MORIN SCOTT
MAJOR WILLIAM INNES FORBES
JOSEPH FORNANCE
WILLIAM CURRIE WILSON
HENRY HESTON BELKNAP
LT. COL. CLARENCE PAYNE FRANKLIN, M.D.
COLONEL HARRY C. TREXLER

Delegates
COMMANDER CLEMENT BIDDLE, U. S. N.
CAPTAIN THOMAS CADWALADER
COLONEL EDWARD CARPENTER
MAJOR JOSEPH KNOX FORNANCE
GEORGE CUTHBERT GILLESPIE
HARROLD EDGAR GILLINGHAM
MAJOR HENRY REED HATFIELD
WILLIAM MACPHERSON HORNOR
THOMAS WALLIS HUIDEKOPER
FRANK WILLING LEACH
COLONEL HOWARD CAMPBELL PRICE
MAJOR JOSEPH ALLISON STEINMETZ
CAPTAIN OGDEN DUNCAN WILKINSON

Alternates
THOMAS HAND BALL
LIEUT. NORRIS STANLEY BARRATT, JR.
POWELL EVANS
CAPTAIN HARRY WALN HARRISON
MAJOR SIDNEY HERKNESS
MAJOR EDWARD HOOPES
MAJOR JOHN MARSTON, 3d.
CAPTAIN JOHN BURTON MUSTIN
CAPTAIN OLIVER RANDOLPH PARRY
LOUIS BARCROFT RUNK
CAPTAIN RICHARD VAUX
LIEUT. RICHARD FAIRFIELD WARREN
CAPTAIN CLEMENT BIDDLE WOOD

On motion the nominations were closed.

On motion the secretary was directed to cast one ballot for the persons nominated.

The secretary reported that he had cast the ballot and the ticket as nominated was elected.

The President: You will notice that the committee have given a good deal of recognition to the Army men. It seemed very proper that the Society of Sons of the Revolution should recognize the services of our members in the late war as far as possible. That, I think, is the reason you see so many Army men among the nominations made. Of these you will notice the name of Captain Thomas Cadwalader, son of our late President, and that of Colonel Edward Carpenter, an officer in the Regular Army, and a son of Major Carpenter, who, you will remember, was, for some years, Chairman of our Board of Managers.

A word to the delegates and alternates present. It is unfortunate that our annual meeting comes within about two weeks of the meeting of the Triennial Congress of the General Society, giving but little time for delegates to make arrangements to attend the Congress. It is possible that our By-Laws may be amended so that an election for delegates and alternates might take place say two months before the Congress assembles.

I notice that Commander Biddle is the first name in the list of delegates elected. If he will lead off in the matter, and put himself in touch with the delegates, he might assemble them, and arrange to have a full attendance at the Congress.

All members of the Society are invited to go to Washington at this time, whether delegates or not.

Commander Biddle: I think we ought to go down as a delegation. We ought to go together and work together. Most of those gentlemen are Philadelphians, I think.

The President: It is quite important that you should get together in some way so that the delegation, finding that some delegates cannot go, may communicate with alternates and be sure to have enough of these attend to make a full delegation. I hope all the alternates will go.

Commander Biddle: I think it will save trouble and bring the matter to a better understanding if you will request our secretary to issue notices to those gentlemen to meet at a given

place on a given day, say within the week that is to come, the week beginning April 5th. Let us all meet together by letter from the secretary.

The President: That is a very good idea.

Commander Biddle: If my name does happen to head the list I do not wish to be chairman. From the military side I am not the senior. Colonel Carpenter is one grade ahead of me. Therefore it would be proper for him to act as chairman. I understand he does not live in this City. He is not here on duty. Therefore if you will direct our secretary to send out notices to those gentlemen to meet at a given place and you fix the place yourself, I will be there.

The President: Quite a number of delegates are present. I wonder whether you could not to-night arrange for a meeting, so that the secretary may notify those not present.

Commander Biddle: Major Steinmetz has very properly suggested to me that a good many of the gentlemen being here that we meet directly after adjournment.

The President: All those gentlemen present, who are on the ticket as delegates or alternates, will kindly assemble after the adjournment, to discuss the matter and arrange for a later meeting.

Commander Biddle: Major Cadwalader has suggested the meeting take place in his office.

Capt. Wilkinson: If delegates care to meet in the rooms of the Military Order of Foreign Wars, it will be a great pleasure to have them do so.

The President: Is that large enough to take them in?

Capt. Wilkinson: I do not know how many there are.

The President: There are 13 delegates and 13 alternates.

Capt. Wilkinson: I think they could be accommodated there.

Another Member: Would it be in order for the Color Guard to do a little recruiting? That would be quite proper, would it not?

The President: Yes, I think so. Recruiting for the Society?

A Member: For the Society.

The President: The Color Guard are rendering valuable work for the Society. They deserve all the compliments we can give them.

Major Steinmetz: If you will let us work up a little plan I think we ought to put in at least 250 names this year.

Commander Biddle: I have an idea, that is, to appoint a recruiting committee. I do not know whether it is the right thing to do or not or whether we could accomplish anything by it.

The President: I have thought of that.

Mr. Battles: I think the best idea that has been put forward in regard to recruiting membership is that mooted by Major Cadwalader at one of the board meetings. He made a suggestion, which I think is valuable, that this Society appoint one of its own members living in each of the cities or towns of any considerable size in the State of Pennsylvania, to act for the Society, to have blanks, be ready to furnish information, and use their utmost endeavors to recruit in the locality. I think with such means as that we can very much enlarge our membership. Many members of this Society have grown sons eligible for membership. Members have not yet put their sons in. If they will do that alone they will get a fine body of young members in this Society.

Another Member: A great many have sons that are not grown. It might be well to have a junior life membership and have $50 apiece for them.

The President: If our by-laws and charter would permit a junior life membership, it would be a very interesting thing and most valuable to the Society. In another organization of which I am a member and an officer, we have a junior membership. Several members have been elected who were only a few years old. The parents wanted to land them in the society, and paid life membership dues. They are there. When the parents depart, the son will still be with us.

A Member: Can we do that in our Society?

The President: I do not think we can without some amendment. I think we would have to amend our constitution.

Mr. Gillespie: Colonel Henry Douglas Hughes has been good enough to donate to this Society three flags which I think

are here to-night. I believe they are all Revolutionary Flags. One of them I recall is the flag of Talmadge's Dragoons. I have forgotten the other two. I did know at the time. I think it would be a proper time to acknowledge the donation.

The President: I want to ask Colonel Franklin, do you know where the flags came from? Were they presented to the Color Guard?

Colonel Franklin: Colonel Hughes of the Color Guard, was appointed on a Color Committee by the Society, consisting of Mr. Gillespie, Colonel Hughes, and myself. At the first meeting of that committee to arrange about extra flags, Colonel Hughes volunteered to give three flags to the Society and they were selected and purchased and are in the possession of the Color Guard. A routine letter should have come through (I think it is not yet delivered) from the Color Guard to the Society announcing that fact for an additional record. He wanted me also to say he was prepared to give other flags from time to time as the Color Guard desired, but they are a gift to the Society, as all the other flags are.

The President: Doctor Jordan and I examined the flags yesterday. The question was whether they were Revolutionary flags. We could not locate two of them. The third flag he thought probably was correct. The other two we could not locate.

A Member: One is the original State Flag of New Jersey and one is the Connecticut Flag.

E. Jaquett Sellers, Esq.: Do I understand these flags have been formally presented to the Society? If not, if some gentleman here in behalf of Colonel Hughes would present them to the Society, I think it would be proper to have a minute entered formally accepting them with the thanks of the Society extended to Colonel Hughes.

A Member: I think that accompanying the presentation there should be some statement as to what the flags represent.

The President: This Society does not want to adopt flags that are not Revolutionary flags. We would not want to carry among our flags and banners one that does not represent a Revolutionary one. Colonel Hughes should have our heartiest thanks for his generous disposition to contribute to our fine collection of flags.

Mr. Gillespie: I think Colonel Hughes intentions are the best, and therefore move that he be thanked for the flags. I have very good reason to believe they are all Revolutionary, but I will not vouch for it. I move he be given our thanks.

The motion was duly seconded and unanimously carried.

Captain Worrell: There is a matter I want to lay before the Society. We have a National Hymn, the Star Spangled Banner. We know that the second war with Great Britain established our independence. The most important battle of that war was the Battle of New Orleans. General Coffee was General Jackson's right hand man. General Coffee was a Tennessean. After the Battle of New Orleans there was another stanza sung to the tune of the Star Spangled Banner. I will recite that and if you think it is right I will be glad to dictate it so it may go down to posterity.

"Hail, Jackson's Coffee and all the brave band
Who so gallantly foiled the foe's last demonstration;
Fixed in firm phalanx resistless they stand
Between their loved homes and the war's desolation.
Long shall Britain deplore the terrific roar
Of Tennessee rifles on New Orleans shore
Where the Star Spangled Banner forever shall wave
O'er the land of the free and home of the brave."

On motion adjourned.

J. GRANVILLE LEACH,
President.

GOUVERNEUR CADWALADER,
Secretary.

History
of the
Color Guard

HISTORY OF THE COLOR GUARD

Pennsylvania Society of Sons of The Revolution

For several years after the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution, was organized, on April 3, 1888, the Society owned but one standard, the Stars and Stripes, and there was but one standard-bearer, William Darlington Evans, who volunteered his services for the office and filled it for many years, even after the organization of the Color Guard, of which he became an original member. On January 9, 1893, the Board of Managers, by resolution, authorized the creation of a Committee on Flags and the purchase from time to time of facsimiles of flags used during the Revolution. As these new standards were added, volunteers from the ranks of the Society carried them on ceremonial occasions. On June 19, 1893, when the Society dedicated its monument at Gulph Mills and then proceeded to Valley Forge, a photograph was taken near Washington's Headquarters, in which the colors or flags of the Society then in existence and those who carried them are conspicuous. Copies of this photograph are in the archives of the Society. In 1896 the Society dedicated a marker at the Queen Lane Reservoir, at which time volunteers again carried the flags. At the Annual Outing, in June, 1897, at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, held to unveil a tablet on the old Moravian School which was used as a general hospital during the Revolution, a special committee was appointed to carry the flags, each member of said committee wearing a badge made of the ribbon of the Society upon which was printed in gold letters "Color Guard."

On October 7, 1897, the Board of Managers authorized the organization of a Color Guard, and Mr. Francis Cabeen, a member of the Board, was made Chairman of Committee on Color Guard, which office he held for some ten years, at which time the office was abolished. At the time of this organization of the Guard the Board appointed Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr., Captain of the Color Guard.

Since this official organization of a Color Guard by the Board the occasions when the Guard has been called upon to serve may be divided into three classes: First, at the Annual

Church Services of the Society, held in December; second, at the Annual Outings of the Society, in June, and third, all other times when ordered out. At the Church Services the Color Guard with flags has preceded the Society as it entered the Church and dipped the flags at the Altar, observing the same ceremony at the close of the services. According to the records the Guard has attended these services each year from 1900 to 1919 inclusive, the churches and dates being as follows:

Christ Church	December 16, 1900
St. Peter's Church	December 22, 1901
Christ Church	December 21, 1902
St. Peter's Church	December 20, 1903
Christ Church	December 18, 1904
St. Peter's Church	December 17, 1905
Old Pine Street Church	December 16, 1906
Christ Church	December 22, 1907
St. Peter's Church	December 20, 1908
Christ Church	December 19, 1909
St. Peter's Church	December 18, 1910
Christ Church	December 17, 1911
St. Peter's Church	December 22, 1912
Christ Church	December 21, 1913
St. Peter's Church	December 20, 1914
Christ Church	December 19, 1915
St. Peter's Church	December 17, 1916
Valley Forge Chapel	December 16, 1917
Christ Church	December 15, 1918
St. Stephen's Church	December 14, 1919

The annual June Excursions, in commemoration of Evacuation Day, have been as follows:

Valley Forge	June —, 1898
Pennypacker's Mills	June 17, 1899
Paoli	June 16, 1900
Fort Washington	June 15, 1901
Washington's Crossing	June 14, 1902
Neshaminy Falls	June 20, 1903
Valley Forge	June 18, 1904
Princeton	June 17, 1905
River Trip	June 16, 1906
New Hope, Bucks Co.	June 15, 1907
Valley Forge Dedication of General Wayne Monument	June 20, 1908

Fort Washington	June 19, 1909
Fort Washington	June 18, 1910
Chester	June 17, 1911
Washington's Crossing	June 15, 1912
River Trip (Landing at Chester)	June 14, 1913
Valley Forge	June 20, 1914
Burlington	June 19, 1915
Allentown	June 10, 1916
Valley Forge	June 19, 1917
Valley Forge	June 22, 1918
River Trip (Landing at Chester)	June 21, 1919.

Of the above dates that of June 19, 1917, was not the usual Outing of the Society as, owing to the war, it had been decided to omit the annual excursion—but was the occasion of the transfer of the Memorial Arch at Valley Forge to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the Board of Managers and the Color Guard were entertained at luncheon by Mr. William C. Wilson at his country home at King of Prussia.

Among the other times that the Color Guard has acted in its official capacity are the following: October 19, 1901, present at Valley Forge by invitation of General Society, Daughters of Revolution, at dedication of monument erected by that Society; December 15, 1901, memorial services to William Wayne, President of the Society 1886-1901, at North Broad St. Presbyterian Church; March 2, 1902, present at Church of the Ascension, Broad and South Streets, at dedication of Memorial tablet to the late Major J. Edward Carpenter, member of the Board of Managers Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution. On November 22, 1906, the Color Guard took part in the ceremonies incident to the interment of the remains of James Wilson, signer of the Declaration of Independence, which had been brought from Edenton, North Carolina, and placed in the church yard of Christ Church. The body having lain in state in Independence Hall was escorted to the Church by the First City Troop, a detail of soldiers and marines, and members of the Cabinet of the President of the United States, together with the Color Guard.

September 21, 1907, the Color Guard assisted at dedication of a monument in Phoenixville. June 14, 1916, was present at exercises held in State House Yard to celebrate Flag Day. May 9, 1917, acted as a Guard of Honor at Independence Hall at the reception given there by the City to Marshal Joffre, of France, and members of the Allied Commission. November 12,

1917, the Color Guard, at the Church of St. Luke and the Epiphany, took part in special services for Home Unit of a Base Hospital in France. In April, 1918, upon the convening of the General Society, Sons of the Revolution, in Philadelphia, the Color Guard was present at a meeting held in Congress Hall. July 4, 1918, the Guard participated in parade of foreign-born residents of Philadelphia, and witnessed the signing in Independence Hall of a new Declaration of Independence, in which these foreign-born swore allegiance to this country. On October 26, 1918, members of the Guard attended the ceremonies in Independence Hall in connection with the convention in session there, which adopted a Declaration of Independence of Mid-European Union. November 16, 1918, the Color Guard assisted in the reception, at the Historical Society, given by the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution to the soldiers, sailors and marines. January 30, 1919, members of the Guard assisted in the welcoming of the boys who returned from the seat of war on the Steamship Haverford. May 15, 1919, the Color Guard formed the Guard of Honor to the Liberty Bell which had been placed upon the pavement on the Chestnut Street front of Independence Hall at the celebration given by the City upon the return of the 28th Division from the Great War. In addition the Color Guard has been present officially at the receptions held by the Society each year at the Historical Society on Washington's Birthday, and since 1915 has attended officially the Annual Meetings of the Society on April 3, when the ceremony of assembling the colors has been observed at the opening of the meeting.

The Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution was the first of the State Societies to create a Color Guard. This matter was brought before the General Society at its meeting in Washington, D. C., in April, 1914, and a resolution was presented and adopted which recommended that other State Societies form Color Guards, and in the last report of the General Society it is stated that New York, New Jersey, The District of Columbia and possibly three or four other States have created Color Guards. At this meeting the General Society appointed a Committee on Color Guards and Clarence Payne Franklin was named as Chairman.

The purpose of the formation of the Color Guard by the Board of Managers, as has been stated, was to carry the flags of the Society upon ceremonial occasions. In addition to this the Guard has enjoyed a social side by meeting always in the spirit of good comradeship not only when "ordered out" but on other occasions. A dinner was held at the Art Club February 21, 1901,

with Dr. William Campbell Posey acting as Toastmaster. Early in the history of the Guard, Castle Ringstetten, the up-river boathouse of the Undine Barge Club, became a synonym for pleasure, good fellowship and good cheer. There are records of a supper there on November 23, 1901, and of one on February 21, 1902, this being the night of a bad sleet storm when the "immortal nine" were the number present. There is extant a menu card of a dinner held under date of February 21, 1903, at Hotel Bellevue. The Toastmaster was Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr., and the following Toasts were responded to: Color Guard, Francis Cabeen, Chairman Color Guard; Sons of the Revolution, Richard McCall Cadwallader, President Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution; Pennsylvania, Hon. Samuel W. Pennypacker, LL.D., Governor of Pennsylvania; Our Country, Major-General John Rutter Brooke, U. S. Army. On February 14, 1908, a supper was held at Ringstetten at which the Guard gave itself the pleasure of presenting to Mr. Cabeen a gold watch and chain as "a token of appreciation of his successful work in organizing and handling the Guard". Frequent suppers have taken place at Ringstetten and two at the Meridian Club on Camac Street. These suppers have been the occasions of various happenings. At one supper gifts were presented to two prospective bridegrooms, and always with great ceremony and rejoicing the Guard welcomed the arrival of the small boys born to the members, realizing the National importance of such military replacement units—Junior Joe Steinmetz being the first of historic mention in the annals of the Guard, and little Clarence Franklin among the later arrivals. At the time of the formation of the Guard by the Board in 1897 there was appointed, as before stated, a Chairman of Committee on Color Guard, Mr. Cabeen, and a Captain of the Guard, Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr. On March 28, 1914, the Guard itself formed a permanent organization, adopted By-Laws, and the following elections took place: Captain, Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr.; Lieutenant, Clarence Payne Franklin; Secretary-Treasurer, Joseph Allison Steinmetz. In 1916, upon the retirement of Captain Russell, on account of ill-health, Lieutenant Franklin was elected Captain, and Frank Earle Schermerhorn was elected Lieutenant. On April 3, 1914, at the Annual Meeting of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution, two By-Laws were proposed by the Guard and adopted by the Society on April 3, 1915. They are as follows: "Section 22. There shall be a Color Guard, composed of members of the Society, the duties of which shall be the care, custody and proper official display of the standards of the Society." "Section 23. The Color Guard shall be created by the Board of Mana-

gers of the Society, shall make their own rules and elect their own officers, and thereafter vacancies in the Color Guard shall be filled by a majority vote of the members thereof present at any of the regular meetings of the Color Guard, subject to the ratification and approval of the Board of Managers of the Society." By this legislation the permanent status of the Color Guard was recognized in the By-Laws of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution. At the Annual Meeting held December 7, 1918, a resolution was adopted "extending greetings and cheer to the members of the Guard serving with the colors overseas." At this same meeting William Leverett was appointed Historian of the Guard.

Early in the life of the Guard the members wore an insignia, but on June 19, 1909, at the Celebration of Evacuation Day at Fort Washington, the members of the Guard received insignia from a design made by Clarence Payne Franklin. In 1915 the Society added a Color Guard Flag to its standards, also from a design furnished by Dr. Franklin. During 1919 the Guard published "The Book of the Color Guard of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution." This is a small pamphlet collated by a committee, Frank Earle Schermerhorn, Chairman, and contains the Manual of the Colors, Drill Regulations, By-Laws and the list of the then members, and the "March of the Color Guard" (at the Church Service) written by Lieutenant Schermerhorn, who states that "the first two stanzas represent the slow, rhythmic march of the Guard, with the standards, from the vestry to the altar; the next two stanzas, which are in a different metre, represent the deposit of the standards, the retaking of the standards, and other movements before the altar; and the last two stanzas, in the same metre as the first two, represent the cadence of the march from the altar in the recessional after the close of the service." The words in full follow:

THE MARCH OF THE COLOR GUARD
(At the Church Service)

Ye flags of our country's earlier days,
  With martial pomp we bear ye!
Fair standards, so proudly now to our gaze
  Unfurled in stately beauty,
How nobly ye fought in our forefathers' praise!

Ye flinched not at Monmouth when Washington spoke:
  Ye drove the Huns at Trenton;
And the eagles that perched, 'mid the grey cannon smoke,
  On the pikes of those battle-worn banners,
Cried boldly to Heaven as our Freedom awoke.

Ye waved over armies ragged and poor,
That froze on the hill and starved on the moor;
Yet fast with the cavalry charged o'er the plain.
On glacis and rampart ye waved not in vain.

Ye strove, with our Allies, in valorous fight,
And the soldiers of France saw their Liberty's light,
As they leaped through the trenches, the brave with the brave,
In the triumph at Yorktown, two nations to save.

Strong men of the days when hearts were of gold,
  Your standards here we gather;
Your souls carry on though your frames are but mold:
  And the Guard in its solemn procession
Feels gravely athrill with the vigor of old.

Though valiant ye struggled in leading the van,
  When bugles sounded victory,
Yet fiercer defended the rearmost redan.
  To all of your deeds of glory
Let the tramp of the Guard be an humble paean.

FRANK EARLE SCHERMERHORN.

The By-Laws call for three regular meetings of the Guard; one in the Fall, the Roast Pig Meeting, a second in Midwinter, the Roast Turkey Meeting and a third in the Spring, The Planked Shad Meeting. The Midwinter meeting is the Annual Meeting, at which the officers are elected for the ensuing year; as well as the active or non-active members who may then be on its rolls. These elections are reported by the Secretary of the Guard to the Board of Managers of the Society, and are subject to the ratification of the Board. • There are two classes of membership, Active and Non-active. The annual dues of active members are two dollars, and the active membership is limited to twice the number of the standards, flags, and colors belonging to the Society. The number of these flags varies from time to time as the Society frequently acquires new ones by purchase or gift. Notable among these donors have been the late Mr. Horace Magee and Colonel Henry Douglas Hughes. There are four large flags, the National Colors, the Standard of the Society, the State flag and the Color Guard Flag. The others, now some eighteen in number, are smaller and are facsimiles of the flags and banners which were used by our military and naval forces during the Revolution.

During the Spanish-American War, Meredith Hanna, John Burton Mustin, Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr., Frank Earle Schermerhorn, Joseph Allison Steinmetz, and John Williams served their Country, and in the Mexican Border Campaign Walter Waring Hopkinson and John Burton Mustin,

During the World War the members of the Guard in Active Service were:

Lieutenant Colonel Clarence Payne Franklin
Major Edward Hoopes
Major John Burton Mustin
Major Joseph Allison Steinmetz
Captain Oliver Randolph Parry
Lieutenant Thomas George Stockhausen

And in miscellaneous service:

Benjamin Adams
Samuel Babcock Crowell
Harrold Edgar Gillingham
Learoyd Silvester
John Williams

In October, 1917, the Guard presented to Lieutenant-Colonel Franklin (Lieutenant Colonel in the Service of his Country—but Captain to the Guard) an Automatic 45 calibre Government model Colt pistol, suitably engraved.

The Guard has lost from its membership through death: J. Campbell Lancaster, April, 1902, William Darlington Evans, and Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr., August, 1918. Members of the Guard attended the funeral of Mr. Russell—the first Captain of the Guard.

As a matter of record the following lists are appended:

Members of the Color Guard appointed by the Board of Managers at the time of the organization of the Color Guard, October, 1897:

Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr., Captain
David Knickerbacker Boyd
James Hopkins Carpenter
James DeWaele Cookman
Howard Gibbs Chase
William Darlington Evans
Stanley Griswold Flagg, Jr.
William Innes Forbes
Henry Douglas Hughes
Joseph Campbell Lancaster
Jacob Giles Morris
Jonathan Cilley Neff
William Campbell Posey, M. D.
Ralph Currier Putnam
James Hollenback Sherrard
Learoyd Silvester
Robert Hobart Smith
Joseph Allison Steinmetz
Ogden Dungan Wilkinson

Exclusive of the foregoing list the following men have been members of the Guard but are not now enrolled.

Edgar Wright Baird
Matthew Baird, Jr.
William Hemphill Bell, M. D.
Gustavus Wayne Cooke
Henry Lindley Crowther
Samuel McClintock Hamill, M. D.
Caleb Jones Milne, Jr.
James Lee Patton
Robert Coles Robinson
Frank Miller Riter
James Thorington, M. D.
Thomas George Stockhausen

The following are the present members of the Color Guard, Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution:

Clarence Payne Franklin, Captain
Frank Earle Schermerhorn, Lieutenant
Joseph Allison Steinmetz, Secretary-Treasurer
Benjamin Adams
Thomas Hand Ball
Paul Henry Barnes, Jr.
Lawrence Visscher Boyd
James DeWaele Cookman
Frank G. Cooper, D.D.S.
Samuel Babcock Crowell
George Alexander Davison
T. Monroe Dobbins
William Copeland Furber
William Partridge Gilpin
Meredith Hanna
Albert Hill
Jennings Hood
Edward Hoopes
Walter Waring Hopkinson
Henry Douglas Hughes
Walter H. Johnson
Carl Magee Kneass
William Leverett
Benjamin Schreiber Mechling
Jacob Giles Morris
John Burton Mustin
Oliver Randolph Parry
Ralph Currier Putnam
Learoyd Silvester
John Williams

Non-Active

John Morgan Ash
Stanley Griswold Flagg, Jr.
Clinton Franklin, D. D. S.
Harrold Edgar Gillingham

Compiled and written by WILLIAM LEVERETT,
February, 1920. *Historian.*

FORM OF BEQUEST

I hereby give, devise and bequeath to the "Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution," a Corporation organized under the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, A. D. 1874,.....

This book should be returned to the Library on or before the last date stamped below.

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